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## MATHEMATICS WORKSHEET <br> CLASS IX <br> CHAPTER 2 <br> POLYNOMIALS

## VERY SHORT AND SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Q1. Write an example of an algebraic expression that is not a polynomial.
Q2. $\mathrm{p}(\mathrm{x})=\sqrt{x^{3}}+1$ is not a polynomial. Give reason
Q3. Find the value of polynomial $8 x^{3}-6 x^{2}+2$ at $x=1$
Q4. If $p(x)=6 x^{3}+5 x^{2}-3 x+2$ find $p(-1)$
Q5. Find the zero of the polynomial $p(y)=2 y+7$
Q6. Find the remainder when $x^{101}-1$ is divided by $x-1$
Q7. Find whether $x^{n}+y^{n}$ is divisible by $x-y(y \neq 0)$ or not.
Q8. Write the following polynomials in standard form
i. $\quad 4 y-4 y^{3}+3-y^{4}$
ii. $\quad 5 m^{3}-6 m+7-2 m^{2}$

Q9. Write the integral zeroes of the following polynomials
i. $\quad(x-3)(x-7)$
ii. $\quad(x+1)(3 x+2)$

Q10. If $y=-1$ is a zero of the polynomial $q(y)=4 y^{3}+k y^{2}-y-1$, then find the value of $k$
Q11. For what value of $m$ is $x^{3}-2 m x^{2}+16$ divisible by $x+2$
Q12. Prove that $(a+b+c)^{3}-a^{3}-b^{3}-c^{3}=3(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)$

## LONG AND VERY LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

Q13. If $x+1 / x=5$, find the value of $x^{3}+1 / x^{3}$
Q14. The polynomials $x^{3}+2 x^{2}-5 a x-7$ and $x^{3}+a x^{2}-12 x+6$ when divided by $x+1$ and $x-2$ respectively, leave remainders $R_{1}$ and $R_{2}$ respectively. Find the value of a in each of the following cases:
i. $\quad R_{1}=R_{2}$
ii. $\quad R_{1}+R_{2}=0$
iii. $\quad 2 R_{1}+R_{2}=0$

Q15. Factorise $p(x)=x^{4}+x^{3}-7 x^{2}-x+6$ by factor theorem
Q16. Prove that $2 x^{4}-6 x^{3}+3 x^{2}+3 x-2$ is exactly divisible by $x^{2}-3 x+2$
i. By actual division
ii. Without actual division

Q17. When a polynomial $p(x)=x^{4}-2 x^{3}+3 x^{2}-a x+b$ is divisible by $x-1$ and $x+1$, the remainders are 5 and 19 respectively. Find the remainder when $p(x)$ is divided by $x-2$.
Q18. If $a+b+c=9$ and $a b+b c+c a=26$, find $a^{2}+b^{2}+c^{2}$
Q19. Simplify:

$$
\frac{\left(4 x^{2}-9 y^{2}\right)^{3}+\left(9 y^{2}-16 y^{2}\right)^{3}+\left(16 z^{2}-4 x^{2}\right)^{3}}{(2 x-3 y)^{3}+(3 y-4 z)^{3}+(4 z-2 x)^{3}}
$$

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Q20. If $a+b+c=0$, prove that :

$$
\frac{a^{2}}{b c}+\frac{b^{2}}{a b}+\frac{c^{2}}{c a}=3
$$

Q21. If $x-3$ and $x-1 / 3$ are both factors of $a x^{2}+5 x+b$, show that $a=b$ Q22. Find the zeroes of $(x-2)^{2}-(x+2)^{2}$ Q23. Factorize:
i. $\quad 3(x+2)^{2}-5(x+2)+2$
ii. $\quad x^{3}-2 x^{2}-5 x+6$
iii. $\quad 8 p^{3}+\frac{12}{5} p^{2}+\frac{6}{25} p+\frac{1}{125}$
iv. $x^{6}+y^{6}$
v. $3 \sqrt{3} x^{3}-5 \sqrt{5} y^{3}$

ANSWERS:
3. 4
4.4
5. $y=-7 / 2$
6. 0
7. no(show why)
10.4
11.m=3
13.110
14. i). $a=44$ ii). $a=-32 / 9 \quad$ iii). $a=-13 / 7$
17. $a=5, b=8$
18.29
19. $(2 x+3 y)(3 y+4 z)(4 z+2 x)$
22.0

## Pg 2

