

SECTION 'C' (Grammar)

Q 1. Complete the passage by choosing the correct options from those given in brackets.

Agriculture (a)_____ existed from the earliest times in a more or less primitive state. Though improvements (b)_____ place, the farming of the eighteenth century was carried on unscientific lines. (c)_____ Industrial Revolution gave the final blow to the old system. New methods were (d) _____ introduced by such men as Townshend, who (e)_____ the principle of crop-rotation. Capitalists were beginning to turn their attention (f) _____ agriculture. (g) _____ progress was being made. (h) _____, the growth of population in countries increased demands and necessitated a greater and more rapid output.

- (a) (i) is (ii) have (iii) will (iv) had
- (b) (i) has taken (ii) was taken (iii) had taken (iv) taken
- (c) (i) The (ii) An (iii) X (iv) Their
- (d) (i) being (ii) got (iii) been (iv) going
- (e) (i) invented (ii) manufactured (iii) discovered (iv) founded
- (f) (i) across (ii) towards (iii) about (iv) over
- (g) (i) Since (ii) Moreover (iii) Although (iv) Thus
- (h) (i) However (ii) Usually (iii) Besides (iv) Provided

Q2. Complete the conversation by choosing the correct options from those given below.

Interviewer: You seem to be excited about the parachute jump. How much did it cost?

Jason: Bit too much! (a)_____ 1200 riyals.

Interviewer: Did you pay it yourself?

Jason: Not me! My parents (b)_____

Interviewer: (c) _____?

Jason: I wore a special suit and a helmet.

Interviewer: How high were you when you jumped?

Jason: (d) _____. It was scary.

- (a) (i) It costs me (ii) It cost me (iii) It will cost me (iv) It must cost me
 (b) (i) will pay for it (ii) paying for it (iii) paid for it (iv) pays for it
 (c) (i) What you wore (ii) What you wear (iii) What will you wear (iv) What did you wear
 (d) (i) I was at about 1000 metres (ii) I am at about 1000 metres
 (iii) I can be at about 1000 metres (iv) I were at about 1000 metres

Q4. The following passage has not been edited. There is one error in each of the lines. Write the incorrect word and the correction as given in the example against the correct blank number. Also underline the correct word you have supplied.

	<u>Error</u>	<u>Correction</u>
I was awakened by any sound in the room, and I	a. any	<u>some</u>
instantly rose myself upon my elbow on the bed.	b.	
The square patch upon the wall have slid down.	c.	
At first I could see nothing. Then to my horrible,	d.	
there was something moved slowly out of the wall.	e.	
I saw a human figure walking quiet towards the shelf.	f.	
He examines each jar on it with attention and passed	g.	
on to the next. Then he faced me and simply vanish.	h.	

Q5. Rearrange the words into meaningful sentences.

- always/ newspaper will/ fair number/ advertisements/ contain/ a / a/ of
- and concise/of/manner/ expression/a short/ essential/ is
- the language/ may be/letters/written/to a foreign/in/country/used/there
- the aim/ correspondence/explicit/of/must be
- advertising/effective/ which/ requires/is an/ much skill/art/patience/ and

Q6. Change the conversation to reported speech.

Doctor: You look so pale! Have you been starving yourself?

Patient: No, doctor. I'm well fed.

Doctor: You may not be taking enough iron in your diet.

Patient: Where will I get the iron from?

Doctor: Include green leaves and berries in your meals.

Patient: What good are they?

Doctor: They will provide the required iron in your blood.

Patient: It may not work, you know, as we vampires don't **eat** much!

The doctor asked the patient if he _____ himself. The patient replied that he _____ fed. The doctor suggested that he _____ in his diet. The patient asked where _____ from. The doctor advised him to _____ in his meals. The patient wanted to know what _____. The doctor explained that they _____ in his blood. The patient declared in disgust that that might not work as _____.

Q7. Use the information in the headlines to complete the sentences. Choose the correct option from those given.

a) Petrol price to go up

The leading petroleum companies announced today that _____ owing to the hike in the international market.

i) petrol price have been going up

ii) petrol price had gone up

iii) petrol price will go up

iv) petrol price may go up

b) More cameras to be installed

The government _____ to keep a check on the increasing cases of traffic violation in the kingdom.

i) has decided to install more traffic cameras

ii) decide to install more traffic cameras

iii) will decide to install more traffic cameras iv) was deciding to install traffic cameras

c) 200 killed in Turkey quake

More than 200 people _____ in the massive earthquake that hit the country yesterday.

i)are killed ii)was killed iii)were killed iv)killed

d) Drug peddlers nabbed

During a well executed raid in a hideout in Karen Place, Kirtipur the police _____

i)will nab a gang of drug traffickers ii)would nab a gang of drug traffickers
iii)nabbed a gang of drug traffickers iv)had nabbed a gang of drug traffickers

e) India beats West Indies

In a nerve cracking final over of the 5th ODI played at the Wankhede Stadium(Mumbai) on Sunday, _____ by 5 runs winning the current series 3 matches to 2.

i)India defeated the West Indies ii)India was beaten by the West Indies
iii)India defeating the West Indies iv)India lost to the West Indies

Q8. Rewrite the following recipe in the passive.

Kheer

(Ingredients: Milk -1 litre; Rice-60 grams; Khoya-100 grams; Sugar- 4 table spoons; Cardamom ¼ teaspoons; almonds-8 nos, blanched.)

Boil milk in a vessel. Add soaked rice and stir. Cook the rice on a low flame for 15 minutes. Add sugar and khoya. Cook the mixture for 5-7 more minutes. Decorate the kheer with cardamom powder and blanched almonds.

Milk is boiled in a vessel. Soaked rice is added _____

Q9 Given below is a short profile of Arthur Conan Doyle. Taking clues from the given notes, complete the blanks.

Arthur Conan Doyle

Born : 1857, Edinburgh
Education : qualified as a doctor
1887 : First Sherlock Holmes story '*A Study in Scarlet*'
1891 : Sherlock Holmes serialized
1902 : Knighted for his service during the South African war
1930 : died at his home in Sussex, England.

Arthur Conan Doyle was _____ Edinburgh.
He was _____. In 1887, his first _____
_____. In 1891, Sherlock Holmes was _____
_____. He was _____ in 1902.
In 1930 _____.

Q10. In the passage given below one word has been omitted in each line. Write the most appropriate missing word along with the word that comes before and the word that comes after against the correct blank numbers. Circle the word that forms your answer.

	<i>Before</i>	<i>omitted word</i>	<i>after</i>
a) Ordinary cooking done at the boiling point	_____	_____	_____
b) of water which is 100 Celsius. At heights	_____	_____	_____
c) the boiling of water falls and so does the	_____	_____	_____

- | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| d) temperature of cooking in open pot. | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| e) In pressure cooking, steam is sealed the | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| f) cooking pot so that there a rise in pressure | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| g) which raises the boiling point water and | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| h) there is increase in the temperature. | _____ | _____ | _____ |

SECTION 'D'(LITERATURE)

Q1. Answer the questions that follow the extracts.

1) *'The Professor scarcely noticed; he was too busy working for his stripe.'*

a) What did the Professor fail to notice, in this context?

- | | |
|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| i) The love and affection of his fellow mates. | ii) The pranks his friends played on him. |
| iii) The displeasure of his superiors. | iv) The respect his instructors had for him. |

b) The 'Professor' here is _____

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| i) the Sergeant | ii) the Orderly Officer | iii) Private Quelch | iv) Corporal Turnbull. |
|-----------------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|

c) Why was he busy working for his stripe?

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| i) It would earn him a medal. | ii) It would enable him to do permanent cookhouse duties. |
| iii) It would make him an instructor. | iv) It was the first step to get a commission. |

2) *So this was the great moment! Most of us could not help glancing at Private Quelch, who stood rigidly to attention and stared straight in front of him with an expression of self-conscious innocence.*

a) Who could not help glancing at Private Quelch?

b) What did everyone expect about Private Quelch in that 'great moment'?

c) What was the incident that led to the 'great moment'?

3) *The very naming of Harold had caused a sacrifice on his part.*

a) Who had to commit the 'sacrifice'?

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| i) Harold | ii) Mr. Bramble | iii) Major Percy Stokes | iv) Phil Scott |
|-----------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------|

b) What was the sacrifice?

i) Giving up boxing ii) Keeping his profession a secret from his family

iii) Allowing to name his son 'Harold' though he hated the name.

iv) Sacrificing his desire to name his son 'John'.

c) The man mentioned here is _____

i) greedy. ii) obliging and sacrificing iii) impolite iv) dominating

4) "..... and you don't know how sick a chap gets of having chaps calling him, 'Goggles'."

a) Who is called 'Goggles'?

b) Who are the 'chaps' referred to here?

c) Why is he called 'Goggles'?

5) *'He is of the stuff that heroes are not often lucky enough to be made of.'*

a) Who is the 'unusual' hero here?

i) John A. Pescud ii) O. Henry iii) Colonel Allyn iv) Jessie

b) What does the writer mean by the statement?

i) He is very muscular and handsome. ii) He is like the heroes seen in literature.

iii) He is extraordinarily talented. iv) There is nothing heroic about the man.

c) Where did the writer meet 'him'?

i) On a bus ii) On a chair-car iii) at Coketown iv) at his plate-glass company

6) *"....my father wouldn't allow a drummer to set his foot in Elmcroft. If he knew that I was talking to one over the fence, he would lock me in my room."*

a) Who is the 'father' mentioned here?

i) John A. Pescud ii) Colonel Allyn iii) the postmaster iv) the landlord of the hotel

b) The 'father' is a _____

i) salesman ii) lineal descendant of belted earls iii) prince iv) dependent of the king

c) The speaker is _____

i) a customer of John ii) an acquaintance of the writer iii) the girl John has been following

iv) a nurse

7) *Sighing like a furnace, with a woeful ballad*

Made to his mistress' eyebrows

- a) Which stage is being referred to, here?
- b) Which poetic device is used in the lines?
- c) Write down any two qualities of man at this stage in life.

8) *Is second childishness and mere oblivion*

Sans teeth, sans eyes, sans taste, sans everything.

- a) The term 'second childishness' stands for _____
- b) At this stage man lacks _____
- c) What does mere 'oblivion' mean in this context?

9) *I wish I'd been that much more willin'*

When I had more tooth there than fillin'

To pass up gobstoppers.

- a) To 'pass up' means _____
- b) The poet should have been more willing to _____
- c) What is the regret of the poet?

10) *So I lay in the old dentist's chair'*

And I gaze up his nose in despair,

And his drill it do whine,

In this molars of mine.

- a) What made the poet visit the dentist?
- b) What is 'whining' here?
- c) What is the dentist going to do to her molars?

11) *'All can hear but only*

The sensitive can understand.'

- a) What is heard by all?

i) the sound of the waves ii) the voice of the thunder iii) the welcome song of the rain

iv) the sound of the wind blowing

- b) The 'sensitive' refers to _____

i) Nature ii) Goddess Ishtar iii) earthly life iv) sensitive people like poets and artists

- c) Who is the speaker in the poem?

- i) The poet ii) the rain iii) the cloud iv) the field

12) *I quench the thirst of one*

I cure the ailment of the other.

- a) 'I' here is _____
- b) The 'thirsty' one is _____
- c) Whose ailment will be cured by the speaker?

13) *"I was a man once. I'm a beast now, and they made me what I am."*

- a) Who is the 'beast' here?
- b) Who made him the beast?
- c) The speaker is remembering his life _____

14) *"He has more need of them than I."*

- a) 'Them' refers to
 - i) salt cellars ii) the policemen iii) clothes iv) candlesticks
- b) Who needs 'them' more?
 - i) Persome ii) the convict iii) the Bishop iv) Marie
- c) The quality of the speaker that is exhibited here is _____
 - i) selflessness and generosity ii) greed iii) indifference iv) remorsefulness

Q2. Answer the following questions in a short paragraph of 30-40 words.

1. Why is the nickname 'the Professor' apt for Private Quelch?
2. 'It was a joke for days afterwards; a joke and joy to all of us.' What was the joke? Why was it so?
3. What qualities did Harold possess that forced his parents to regard him as a 'being of a superior order'?
4. Harold would have benefited from the true identity of his father. Give two reasons to support this statement.
5. How was John A. Pescud different from the usual heroes?
6. Why does John say that he is 'on the line of General Prosperity'?
7. Comment on the poetic device used in the lines
*'Jealous in honour, sudden and quick in quarrel,
Seeking bubble reputation.'*
8. Why is the old man called 'slipperd pantaloons'?
9. How did the poet spoil her teeth?
10. 'It's me they are beckoning'. Who are 'they'? Why are they 'beckoning' her?
11. 'When I cry the hills laugh;'. How does the rain make the hills laugh?

12. Explain- '*I am the sigh of the sea, the laughter of the field;
The tears of heaven.*'
13. Why does the convict call his prison life as 'hell'?
14. Why does the Bishop stop his sister from informing the police about the theft of the candlesticks?
15. How are the candlesticks significant in the play 'The Bishop's Candlesticks'?

Q3. Answer the following in 100-120 words.

1. Imagine you are one of the privates who worked along with the Professor. Write a letter to your cousin describing your experiences at the training depot.
2. Private Quelch was indeed knowledgeable and hard working. Why couldn't he succeed in fulfilling his ambitions?
3. What were the Brambles 'keeping from' their son? How did he come to know about it? How did he react to the disclosure?
4. Imagine you are Jerry Fisher. Write a diary entry of the events that forced you to disclose the true identity of your trainee, Mr. Bramble, to his son Harold.
5. The story of John's romance resembled the one in the best seller he had criticized. How?
6. Imagine yourself to be John A. Pescud. Describe the adventure that you undertook to win the love of Jessie.
7. How does the poet prove that 'the world's a stage' and we all are 'merely players' on it? Explain with reference to the poem 'The Seven Ages'.
8. Comment on the different comparisons used by Shakespeare in the poem 'The Seven Ages'.
9. With reference to the poem 'Oh, I Wish I'd Looked.....', how can you look after your teeth?
10. Prevention is better than cure. Justify the proverb referring to the poem by Pam Ayres.
11. How is the rain a divine blessing? Explain with reference to the 'Song of the Rain'.
12. Describe the journey of the rain from the sea to the 'endless heavens of memories'.
13. Imagine yourself to be the Bishop and narrate the incidents that occurred after the convict entered your house on the cold night.
14. 'Forgiveness is the best punishment'. Do you agree? Justify your answer referring to the play 'The Bishop's Candlesticks'.
