INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, RIYADH

STD. VIII SCIENCE

	CHAPTER 11: FORCE AND PRESSURE
l.	Answer the following :
1.	A push or pull on an object is called a
2.	The state of motion of an object is described by its and the direction of motion.
3.	The force resulting due to the action of muscles is known as force.
4.	Muscular force is also called as force.
5.	The force exerted by a magnet and electrostatic force are examples of force.
6.	Every object in the universe exerts a force on every other object called a force.
7.	The force acting on a unit area of a surface is called
8.	Pressure in liquids with the increase in depth of the liquid column.
II.	Choose the correct answer:
1.	Which of the following will exert the maximum pressure on ground while moving
	a) an elephantb) A girl wearing a pencil heelc) Rhinocerosd) Camel

<u>Downloaded from www.studiestodav.com</u> Force can change a) Only position of object b) Only speed of object c) Only direction of moving object d) All the above Which of the following is not a non-contact force a) gravitational force b) electrostatic force c) muscular force d) All of them A force has a) magnitude b) direction c) both of them None of them Which type of force is acting when hair is being pulled by a charged comb a) Contact force b) Non-contact force c) both of them d) None of them Prepared by: Mrs. Sanjeeda Sultana VI – VIII (Boys Section)

CHAPTER 16: LIGHT

I. Answer the following question:

2.

3.

4.

5.

- 1. Name the angle between the normal and the incident ray.
- 2. Name the angle between the normal and the reflected ray.
- 3. In an image formed by a mirror the left of the object appears on the right and vice-versa. This is known as ______

<u>Downloaded from www.studiestodav.com</u> 4. Splitting of light into its colours is known as Our eyes sees everything around us due to _____ light. 5. 6. Name the small opening present in Iris. Visually challenged persons can read and write using 7. system. II. Choose the correct Answer: When we say that a person has black, blue or green eyes, we refer 1. actually to the colour of a. Lens b. Cornea c. Iris d. Pupil The lens focuses light on the back of the eye, on a layer called 2. c. lens b. retina d. pupil a. cornea Among the following which cells are sensitive to bright light 3. a. rods b. cones c. Both d. None 4. Among the following which cells are sensitive to dim light. a. rods d. None of them b. cones c. Both An owl can see very well in night but not during the day because 5. a. It has more no. of cones and only a few rods

b. It has more no. of rods and only a few cones

c. Same no. of cones and rods

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