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BAL BHARATI PUBLIC SCHOOL, PITAM PURA, DELHI-110034

REVISION ASSIGNMENT - CLASS8 CROP PRODUCTION& MANAGEMENT

- 1. Name the agricultural implements associated with the following agricultural tasks:-
 - (a) tilling-plough
 - (b) weeding-harrow,trowel
 - (c) leveling-leveller
 - (d) sowing-seed drill
 - (e) harvesting-sickle
- 2. Define the following:-
- (a) crop-the plants that are cultivated for commercial purposes or their products
- (b) agriculture –the practice of cultivating crops
- (c) threshing-separation of grains from the husk
- (d) winnowing-separation of chaff(hollow grains) & husk from healthy grains by making them fall from a height & blowing wind through huge pedestal fans
- (e) manuring-adding manures/compost to the soil
- (f) weeding-removal of weeds from the agricultural fields
- 3. Fill in the blanks:-
- (a) The same kind of plants grown & cultivated on a large scale at a place is called_crop____
 - (b) The first step before growing crops is <u>preparation</u> of soil.
 - (c) Damaged seeds would <u>float</u> on the surface of water.
- (d) For growing a crop, sufficient amount of sunlight, <u>water</u> & <u>nutrients</u> from the soil are essential.
 - (e) Paddy & maize are kinds of <u>kharif</u> crops
 - (f) Animal excreta, cow dung, urine & plant waste are used to make _manure
 - (g) Urea & superphosphate are kinds of <u>fertilizers</u>
 - (h) Wheat,gram,pea are kinds of <u>rabi</u> crops
- 4. Identify the following:-
- (a) providing water to crops-irrigation

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- (b) keeping crop grains for a long time under proper conditions- storage
- (c) a machine used for cutting the matured crop-combine
- (d) a rabi crop that is also one of the pulses-gram/lentil
- (e) a process of separating chaff from the grains-winnowing
- (f) a way of collecting rainwater & later using it for domestic or other purposes- rain water harvesting
- 5. Name any 3 leguminous crops.

Ans- gram, peas, beans

6. What provides humus to the soil?

Ans- manures

7. "Use of a seed drill is preferred over broadcasting".Justify this statement giving 2 advantages of this practice.

Ans-1-adequate spacing

2-adequate depth

8. "Use of manures is advantageous over fertilizers". Justify the statement.

Ans- soil chemistry is disturbed & the fertilizers can enter the plant body with water & cause harm to us.

9. Paddy cannot be grown in the winter season. Why?

Ans- it needs standing water in the fields & that is possible in rainy season

- 10. Neem leaves are properly sundried & put in an iron drum containing wheat. Why? Ans- prevention of insects & microbes
- 11. Use of a Combine Harvester is beneficial to farmers .Explain.

Ans-It does harvesting as wll as threshing

12. What is animal husbandry? Why is it done?

Ans-The task of rearing domesticated animals for their products or physical labour

13. Why is fish food good for health? Name 2 nutrients it contains in a large amount.

Ans-Fish food is 99% protein not fat.

Vitamin D &E+proteins

14. Arrange the following in the correct order for sugarcane production:sending crop to sugar factory, irrigation, harvesting, sowing, preparation of soil, ploughing the field, manuring.

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Ans-ploughing, prep of soil, manuring, sowing, irrigation, harvesting, seding to the factory.

15. If wheat is sown in Kharif season, what is likely to happen?

Ans -The crop will be ruined by excessive water

16. What are weeds? How do they affect crop production?

Ans-Unwanted crop plants growing along with crop plants.

Harm-they take away nutrients, water, space & sunlight meant for crop plants

- 17. What will happen if the field is not ploughed before sowing seeds? Give 2 disadvantages.
- Ans-1-eneven distribution of water, seeds,etc
 - 2- roots of plant are unable to penetrate the soil easily
- 18. A farmer needs to prepare his soil for cultivation. What are the 3 major tasks he performs, name the implements used & give the advantages of each task.
- Ans- 1-Ploughing-plough- brings the lower fertile layers of soil on top
 - 2-levelling-leveller- ensures uniform irrigation & distribution of seeds
 - 3-Manuring-nil- enriches the soil with humus & moisture
- 19. Name & explain the various methods of controlling weeds in agricultural fields.
- Ans- 1- manual-use of harrow or trowel
 - 2- chemical-use of weedicides-2,4-D or butachlor
 - 3-biological-eg-cochineal insect selectively eats away opuntia
- 20. Storage of produce is an important task. Justify this statement listing various agents causing spoilage of stored grains.

Ans-1-Godowns 2-Silos

Harmful agents- rodents, birds, insects, microbes

21. Tabulate 4 major differences between manures & fertilizers.

Ans-1 - Natural - Manmade

2-provide humus -do not

3-do not harm soil -harm soil

4-compost, vermicompost -urea, NPK

- 22. Why is preparation of soil considered an important task during cultivation?
- Ans- 1. It allows deeper penetration of roots
 - 2. It allows the roots to breathe easily.
 - 3. It helps in growth of worms and microbes.
 - 4. the loosening of soil helps in recycling of nutrients in the soil.