INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL – JEDDAH

GEOGRAPHY - WORK SHEET

Class VIII

Name:... Sec...... Sec.....

CH-2 – LAND, SOIL, WATER, NATURAL VEGETATION AND WILD LIFE RESOURCES

Roll No:....

1.	Tic	k the correct answer from the options
"		An organic material which determines the fertility of soil
		(Humus / Silt)
	2.	The densely populated land forms are
		(Plains / Plateaus)
	3.	The country which has highest percent of forest land
		(Brazil / Japan)
	4.	One of the major threat to the environment
		(Land degradation / Land reclamation)
	5.	The highest percent of land under crop land is in
		(India / China)
	6.	In the hilly terrains the major and widely spread natural disaster
		(Floods / Landslides)
	7.	Forests in which trees shed their leaves in a particular season are called
		(Deciduous / Evergreen)
	8.	The suitable method of soil conservation in hill areas
		(Terrace farming / Mulching)
	9.	Eco system is an interdependence between
		(Economy and land / Natural environment and its inhabitants)
	10.	Tundra vegetation comprise of
		(Lichens and Mosses / Acacia and Cactus)
	11.	Which one of these determines the colour and texture of soil
		(Parent Rock / Flora, Fauna and Micro organism)
	12.	The percent of fresh water is available and fit for human use.
		(3% / 1%)
П.	Fill	in the blanks
	1.	An irrigation method which is useful in dry region
	2.	refers to the destruction of soil by wind and water
	3.	Water is a vital natural resource
	4.	The right mix of and make the soil fertile
	5.	Most of the industrial effluents are and reach human body
		through water
	6.	is considered as an essential cleanser of the environment
	7.	The growth of vegetation depends on and
	8.	,, and
		are some of the human and natural factors which accelerate the process of
		extinction of natural vegetation and wild life
	9.	is poached mainly for its teeth
	10.	Soil is made up of, and



III.	An	swer the following		
	1.	Name any two National Parks		
	2.	The scheme launched by the government to promote tree plantation.		
	3.	An international agreement between governments to deal with the trade related with endangered flora and fauna.		
	4.	The process of collecting rain water from roof tops and directing it to an appropriate location where it is stored for future use.		
IV.	IV. Name the following soil conservation methods			
	1.	Different crops are sown at different times and grown in different rows		
	2.	Rocks are piled up to slow down the flow of water, this prevents gullies and further soil loss.		
	3.	Rows of trees are planted in the coastal and dry regions to check the wind movement and to protect soil cover.		
	4.	The bare ground between plants is covered with a layer of organic matter like straw to help to retain soil moister.		
	5.	Stones, grass, soil are used to build barriers along contours, trenches are made in front of the barriers to collect water.		