

# VII - Mathematics Assignment - No-05 - Integers

Q1 Simplify using the Distributive Law

(i)  $4 \times (-5 + (-6))$

(ii)  $2 \times (3 + (-4))$

Q2 Give the opposite of

(i)  $-(-5)$  (ii)  $+(-5)$  (iii)  $(-4)$

Q3. Simplify in two ways

(i)  $4 \times (-4 - 5 + 6 - 7)$  (ii)  $(-4) \times (1 - 2 + 3 - 4)$

Q4. Using Convenient grouping simplify

(i)  $18 \times (-25) \times 30$

(ii)  $(-51) \times (-10) \times 45$

Q5. Simplify in short way

(i)  $30 \times (-23) + 30 \times (-7)$

(ii)  $(-15) \times (-14) + (-15) \times (-16)$

Q6. Divide (i)  $(-81)$  by  $(-9)$

(ii)  $(-324)$  by  $18$

Q7. Fill the blanks

(i)  $77 \div \dots = -7$

(iii)  $121 \div \dots = -11$

(ii)  $84 \div \dots = -12$

(iv)  $(-16) \div (-8) = \dots$

Cont Pg 2

Q1 (i) $(-44)$ (ii) $(-2)$	Q3 (i) $(-40)$ (ii) $8$	Q4 (i) $-13500$ (ii) $22950$	Q5 (i) $(-900)$ (ii) $(450)$	Q7 (i) $(-11)$ (ii) $(-7)$ (iii) $-11$ (iv) $2$
Q2 (i) $(-5)$ (ii) $(+5)$ (iii) $(+4)$			Q6 (i) $9$ (ii) $(-18)$	

Q8 By means of an example show  
"Is every integer divided by itself equal to 1"

Q9. Verify the following  
 $(-21) \times [(-4) + (-6)] = (-21) \times (-4) + (-21) \times (-6)$

Q10.  $x$  and  $y$  are two integers such that  
 $x$  is the predecessor of  $y$ . Find the value  
of  $(x-y)$

Q11. Write True (T) or False (F)

(i)  $0 \div 5 = 0$  (ii)  $18 \div 0 = 0$

(iii)  $0 \div 0 = 0$  (iv)  $-8 \div 8 = 1$

Q12. To get the admission in class VII, a test was given containing 10 questions. 5 marks are awarded for every correct ans. (-2) for every wrong ans. zero for not attempting

(i) Anil gets 4 correct and 5 incorrect ans.  
Find his score

(ii) Arun gets 6 correct and 3 incorrect ans.  
Find his score

(iii) Sita gets 3 correct 6 incorrect <sup>ans</sup> What is her score?

ANSWERS:-

Q8) Yes $\frac{10}{10} = 1$	Q11 (i) F	Q12 (i) 10 marks
Q9) T	Q11 (iii) F	(ii) 24 "
Q11 (i) T	Q11 (iv) F	(iii) 03 "