

Geo Settlement Transport and Communication

<1M>

1. What do you understand by the term 'settlement'?
2. What are the major activities practiced by the rural people?
3. How will you define 'communication'?
4. What do you understand by the term 'mass media'?
5. What is Wet Point Settlement?
6. Why do we study human settlement in geography?
7. What does the term 'Pass' denote in geography?
8. Which is the highest roadways in the world?
(A) Manali - Leh highway (B) Golden Quadrilateral
(C) Express ways (D) Lahasa
9. What is/are the characteristic(s) of houses in places of heavy rainfall and where water accumulates in rainy season?
(A) Houses have slanting roofs. (B) Houses are constructed on a raised platform or stilts.
(C) Both 'a' and 'b' (D) None of them
10. Which highway connects Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai and Chennai?
(A) Express Ways (B) Golden Quadrilateral
(C) National Highway 1 (D) National Highway 2
11. Which kind of engine has been replaced by Diesel and Electric engines?
(A) Steam engines (B) Petrol engines (C) CNG engines (D) None of them
12. Which country's railway network is the largest in Asia?
(A) Japan (B) China (C) India (D) Pakistan
13. Which means of transport can be metalled and unmetalled?
(A) Railways (B) Waterways (C) Roadways (D) Airways
14. What is the one word for the roads built underground?
(A) Under paths (B) Subways (C) Both 'a' and 'b' (D) None of them
15. What is the drawback of Airways as a transport?
(A) It is very expensive. (B) It can crash anytime.
(C) It cannot fly every time. (D) It is very time consuming.
16. In the Andes Mountains of South America, _____ are used as a mode of transport
(A) Yaks (B) Llamas (C) Camels (D) Mules
17. What made transport easier?
(A) Invention of wheel (B) Invention of phone (C) Invention of bulb (D) None of them

18. What kind of houses are common in areas of hot climate?
(A) Thick mud walled houses with thatched roofs (B) Houses with pores in the walls and roofs
(C) Houses made of walls of plastic (D) None of them
19. Where do we find Scattered Settlements?
(A) In hilly tracks (B) In thick forests
(C) In regions of extreme climate (D) All of them
20. What do you mean by Temporary Settlements?
(A) Settlements which are made of mud. (B) Settlements which are occupied for a short time.
(C) Settlements which are near ponds. (D) None of them
21. What do you mean by 'settlements'?
(A) Places where people build their homes. (B) Places where only animals dwell.
(C) Places near water bodies. (D) None of them
22. How many types of settlements can be formed?
(A) two (B) three (C) four (D) five
23. What do you call a seasonal movement of people?
(A) Site (B) Settlement (C) Transhumance (D) Mobility
24. What do you mean by a Compact Settlement?
(A) It is a closely built area of dwellings, wherever flat land is available.
(B) In such settlement, dwellings are spaced over an extensive area.
(C) It means that settlements are one over the other.
(D) None of them
25. Which is the longest railway system connecting St. Petersburg in Western Russia to Vladivostok on the Pacific coast?
(A) Xining to Lhasa Railway (B) Trans - Siberian Railway
(C) India - Pakistan Railway (D) None of them
26. Navigable rivers and lakes are used as _____ waterways.
(A) Inland (B) Sea Routes (C) Outland (D) None of them
27. The Ganga - Brahmaputra river system, the Great Lakes in North America and the river Nile in Africa are the important _____.
(A) Inland Waterways (B) Sea Routes (C) Under - Sea Railway Routes (D) None of them
28. For what are the sea routes and oceanic routes mostly used?
(A) Transporting gases from one country to other.
(B) Transporting merchandise and goods from one country to another.
(C) Transporting people from one place to another.
(D) All of them
29. What is/are the advantage(s) of Airways?
(A) It is the fastest mode of transport.

- (B) It is the only mode of transport to reach the most remote and distant areas especially where there are no roads and railways.
(C) It is useful in time of calamities for rescuing people and distributing food, water, clothes and medicines.
(D) All of them

30. What constitutes Mass Media?

- (A) Newspapers (B) Radio (C) TV (D) All of them

31. How has satellite helped us?

- (A) It has helped us in oil exploration and survey of forests.
(B) It has helped us in underground water and mineral wealth.
(C) It has helped us in weather forecasting and disaster warning.
(D) All of them

32. The most important port(s) of Asia is/are:

- (A) Kandla (B) Mumbai (C) Singapore (D) Both 2 and 3

33. In Transhumance people migrate according to:

- (A) Change in season (B) Change in livelihood
(C) Change in standard of living (D) All the above

34. Harappan civilization was developed on the bank of which river?

- (A) Indus (B) Nile (C) Hwang-He (D) Tigris

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35. What are the four means of transportation?

36. Name any four international airports in India.

37. How many types of rural settlements are there?

38. Who are Nomads?

39. Name any two inland waterways in India.

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40. What do you mean by the term 'Site'? What are the natural conditions for the selection of an ideal site?

41. What are the major advantages of road transport?

42. How does topography affect settlement?

43. Distinguish between the National highways and the State highways.

44. Define human environment.

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45. What is 'Golden Quadrilateral'? Explain

46. What are the different means of mass communication? Explain the relative importance of them.

