

His Eighteenth-Century Political Formations

<1M>

1. Who were Kunbis?

- (A) Revenue farmers (B) Nobles (C) Maratha peasant warriors (D) Mughal or Sikh warrior

2. The entire body of Sikhs used to meet at Amritsar at the time of Baisakhi and Diwali to take collective decisions known as "_____ of the Guru"

- (A) gyan bani (B) gurumatas (C) faisla (D) gyan

3. Which town(s) became important trading centres in the areas dominated by the Jats?

- (A) Ballabgarh (B) Surat (C) Kanpur (D) Poona

4. Who was the founder of Awadh after the decline of the Mughal empire?

5. Who was the founder of the state of Bengal?

6. When was Banda Bahadur executed?

7. Under whose rule did Poona become the capital of the Maratha kingdom?

8. Who was the famous leader of the Jats?

9. Who was a Naib?

- (A) Commissioner (B) Deputy to the Governor of the province
(C) Principal (D) Teacher

10. What were the two taxes imposed by the Peshwas?

11. Who were ijaradars?

- (A) Revenue farmers (B) Transporters (C) Traders (D) None of them

12. Under whose leadership did Khalsa rise in revolt against the Mughal authority?

- (A) Guru Gobind Singh (B) Banda Bahadur (C) Guru Nanak (D) Guru Teg Bahadur

13. How did the Marathas become a successful military organisation?

- (A) By bypassing the fortified areas of the Mughals
(B) By raiding cities
(C) By engaging Mughal armies in areas where their supply lines and reinforcements could be easily disturbed
(D) All of them

14. When did the third battle of Panipat take place?

- (A) 1760 (B) 1761 (C) 1762 (D) 1763

15. Where is Bharatpur fort?

- (A) Dig (B) Kutch (C) Surat (D) Meerut

16. Match the following from the codes given below:

Column A

Column B

A. Governors

(i) Turanis

B. Offices of Revenue

(ii) Faujdari

- C. Military Administration (iii) Subedars
D. Nobles of Turkish descent (iv) Diwani

- (A) A(ii),B(i),C(iv),D(iii) (B) A(iii),B(iv),C(ii),D(i)
(C) A(i),B(ii),C(iii),D(iv) (D) A(iv),B(i),C(iii),D(ii)

17. Which were the two groups of nobles in first half of the 18th century?
(A) Iranis and Turanis (B) Islam and Japanese (C) Hindus and Muslims (D) None of them

18. Match the following from the codes given below:

Column A

- A. Nadir Shah invaded and plundered Delhi
B. Burhan-ul-mulk Sa'adat Khan was appointed as the subedar of Awadh
C. Some offices were renewed by Emperor JahandarShah
D. Guru Gobind Singh died

Column B

- (i) 1739
(ii) 1722
(iii) 1713
(iv) 1708

- (A) A(i),B(ii),C(iii),D(iv)
(B) A(ii),B(iv),C(iii),D(i)
(C) A(iv),B(i),C(ii),D(iii)
(D) A(iii),B(ii),C(i),D(iv)

19. What are the groups in which the states of 18th century can be divided?
(i) States that were old Mughal provinces like Awadh, Bengal and Hyderabad
(ii) States that had enjoyed considerable independence under the Mughals as watan Jagirs
(iii) States under the control of Marathas, Sikhs and others like Jats

- (A) Only (i) and (ii) (B) Only (iii) and (i) (C) Only (ii) and (iii) (D) All of them

20. Who were the founders of Awadh, Bengal and Hyderabad respectively?

- (A) Saadat Khan, Murshid Quli Khan and Asaf Jah
(B) Tipu Sultan, Burhan-ul-mulk and Begum Hazrat Mahal
(C) Murshid Quli Khan, Laxmi Bai and Asoka
(D) None of them

21. In the revolt of Sikhs against the Mughal authority, what was the end result?

- (A) Sikhs declared their sovereign rule
(B) Sikhs issued coins in name of Guru Nanak and Guru Gobind Singh
(C) Sikhs established their own administration between the Sutlej and the Yamuna
(D) All of them

22. When was Banda Bahadur executed?

- (A) 1712 (B) 1714 (C) 1716 (D) 1718

23. A system called rakhi was introduced. What happened in that?

- (A) Protection to cultivators was offered on the payment of a tax of 20% of the produce
(B) Food was given to the peasants to avoid starvation
(C) People were protected from wild animals
(D) None of them

24. Who had seized the rich province of the Punjab and the Sarkar of Sirhind from the Mughals in mid of the 17th century?

(A) Nadir Shah (B) Ahmed Quli (C) Ahmed Shah Abdali (D) Banda Bahadur

25. Who established his capital at Lahore in 1799?

(A) Ranjit Singh (B) Shivaji (C) Jai Singh (D) Ajit Singh

26. What was the capital of Maratha kingdom?

(A) Poona (B) Nagpur (C) Bombay (D) Nasik

27. Who was Churaman?

(A) Sikh leader (B) Jat leader (C) Maratha leader (D) Muslim leader

28. Match the following from the codes given below:-

Column A

Column B

A. Sindhia

(i) Baroda

B. Gaekwad

(ii) Nagpur

C. Bhonsle

(iii) Indore

D. Holkar

(iv) Gwalior

(A) A(i), B(ii), C(iii), D(iv)

(B) A(iv), B(i), C(ii), D(iii)

(C) A(i), B(iv), C(ii), D(iii)

(D) A(ii), B(iii), C(iv), D(i)

29. What do you mean by Chauth?

(A) Tax levied by Muslims (B) Tax levied by Jats
(C) Tax levied by Sikhs

30. Who was the son of Nadir Shah?

(A) Ahmed Shah (B) Jawahir Shah (C) Tansil Shah (D) Nawab Shah

31. Match the following

The Mughal nobility

provinces

(a) Sa'adat Khan

(i) Awadh

(b) Murshid Quli Khan

(ii) Bengal

(c) Asaf Jah

(iii) Hyderabad

(d) Raj Ajit Singh

(iv) Jodhpur

(A) A- (i), B-(ii), C - (iii) , D- (iv)

(B) A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iii), D-(iv)

(C) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(i)

(D) A-(iv), B-(iii), C-(i), D-(ii)

32. The state of Hyderabad was constantly engaged in a struggle with ____

(A) the Marathas (B) Telugu warrior chiefs
(C) only a (D) a& b

33. Match the following

A

B

(a) *Gurmatas*

(i) resolutions of the Sikh gurus

(b) *rakhi*

(ii) protection for 20% tax

(c) *Kumbis*

(iii) Peasant - pastoralists

(d) Peshwa

(iv) Principal minister

(A) A- (i), B-(ii), C - (iii) , D- (iv)

(B) A-(ii), B-(i), C-(iii), D-(iv)

(C) A-(ii), B-(iii), C-(iv), D-(i) (D) A-(iv), B-(iii), C-(i), D-(ii)

34. Which Rajput ruler founded his new capital in Jaipur ?

- (A) Raja Man Singh (B) Sawai Raja Jai Singh
(C) Raja Ajit Singh (D) Jahandar Singh

35. Who was the Governor of Malwa during the rule of Mughal ?

- (A) Raja Man Singh (B) Sawai Raja Jai Singh (C) Raja Ajit Singh (D) Jahandar Singh

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36. Who was the founder of Hyderabad?

37. Name the states with which the state of Hyderabad was in struggle?

38. When did *Kalsa* declare its sovereign rule and mint its own coin?

39. Who ruled the Maratha kingdom after the death of Shivaji?

40. What was the system of *rakhi*?

41. How did Guru Gobind inspire the *Khalsa*?

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42. What were three prominent states that emerged after the decline of the Mughal empire?

43. What were the offices held by sa-adat khan?

44. What were the policies adopted by Asafjah to strengthen his position?

45. What was the *gurumatas*?

46. With whose support did the Marathas face the Mughals?

47. What were the developments of Maratha kingdom under the Peshwa?

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48. What were the reasons for the decline of Mughal empire?

49. What were the three groups in the states of eighteenth century?

50. Name three common features of the states in the eighteenth century.

51. How did Nawab of Awadh and Bengal try to do away with the jagirdari system?

52. How were Sikhs organized in 18th century?

53. Why did Marathas want to expand beyond Deccan