Civ Understanding Diverstity

<1M>
1.Kerala is well known for its
(A) Spices(B) Garments(C) Oranges(D) Mangoes
2.What is the other name of 'dzos'?
(A) Yak- cows.
(B) Bull.
(C) Bear.
(D) Deer.
(b) beet.
3.What is Ladakh's specialty?
(A) Pashmina wool.
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(B) Garments.
(C) Technology.
(D) Animals.
4. The boat race is an important part of which festival?
(A) Diwali.
(B) Onam.
(C) Holi.
(D) Bhai Dooj.
5. Which is Tibetan national epic?
(A) Mahabharata.
(B) Ramayana.
(C) Kesar Saga.
(D) None of them.
6.What is 'Cheena-vala'?
(A) Fishing net.
(B) Food grain.
(C) Garment style.
(D) Living style.
7. What is the similarity between Kerela and Ladakh?
(A) Geographical features.
(B) Cultural influences.
(C) Colour of residents.
(D) Climatic conditions.
8. Why did the British think that they could divide Indians easily?
(A) Because of the Indian people with different backgrounds.
(B) Because Indians love each other.
(C) Because Indians hated each other.
(D) None of them.
9.Where was Jallianwala Bagh massacre occurred?
(A) Delhi
(B) Mumbai
(C) Trichur
(D) Amritsar.
10.Who composed Indian National Anthem?
(A) Vivekananda.

- (B) Bankim Chandra.
- (C) Rabindranath Tagore.
- (D) Raja Ramohan Roy.
- 11. Which region is called as 'Little Tibet'?
- (A) Jammu and Kashmir
- (B) Bombay and Calcutta
- (C) Ladakh.
- (D) Delhi
- 12. What among the following options are relevant to Kerala?
- (A) Spices
- (B) Drought
- (C) Flood
- (D) Barren Land
- 13. Does regional differences prevent people from becoming friends?
- (A) Definitely
- (B) No.
- (C) Yes
- (D) Sometime it brings changes.
- 14. Why India is called as 'Land of Diverse'?
- (A) People are different.
- (B) People in India belong to different culture, regions, religion and speaks different language.
- (C) Differences enrich our lives.
- (D) All of the above.
- 15. What does 'Communal Riots' mean?
- (A) People are killed in riots.
- (B) Fight between people in Meerut
- (C) Communication between two persons
- (D) Riots in which the focus of violence is other groups (usually other race or ethnic groups).
- 16. What does diversity add to our lives?
- (A) We eat different food, wear different clothes and celebrate different festivals.
- (B) We always fight with each other.
- (C) We can learn different languages.
- (D) All of them.
- 17. People who write stories get their 'ideas and theme' from:
- (A) Movies.
- (B) The neighborhood.
- (C) Books, real life and from their imagination.
- (D) The stories.
- 18. What are the different means of transport?
- (A) Train, Aeroplane, Bus, Car, ships, Cycle, horses and on camels.
- (B) Horses and bullock-carts.
- (C) Aeroplane
- (D) Camels and on foot.
- 19. How does historical and geographical factors influence the diversity of a region?
- (A) Clothing habits.
- (B) Working habits.
- (C) Geographical location.

(D) The food , the clothes and the work of the people. 20. What defines 'unity in diversity'? (A) Different faces. (B) Different nature. (C) Different religion and practices. (D) All of them. 21. What does 'Cheenachatti' mean? (A) Utensil used for frying. (B) Fight among employees. (C) Wrestling. (D) None of them. 22. Who wrote the book 'The Discovery of India'? (A) Mahatma Gandhi (B) Bankim Chandra Chaterjee (C) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru (D) M.F. Hussain 23. Name the spices that are grown in Kerala region? (A) Pepper (B) Cloves and cardamoms (C) Pepper, Cloves and Cardamoms (D) Cashew nuts 24. How does the climate of Ladakh affect the growth of crops? (A) Crops grow well in this region. (B) The region does not receive any rain and is covered by snow for a large part of the year so little agriculture was possible. (C) Paddy grows well. (D) All of the above 25. Who discovered the sea route to India? 26.It is not possible that two person with same physical look, can go together in terms of choice, temperament and nature. Is it true? (A) Yes (B) No (C) Might be (D) Can't say 27. Which language is our national language? <2M> 28. Write the physical features of Indian. 29. Who wrote the famous book"The Discovery of India?" 30. Explain briefly the term 'unity in diversity'. 31. Who composed India's national anthem? 32.Draw up a list of four festivals celebrated in your locality. Which of these celebrations are shared by members of different regional and religious communities?

33.Where is Ladakh situated?
34.What arethe main crops of Kerala?
35.What is the famous festival of Kerala?
3M>
36.What do you know about Kerala?
37.What are the sources of income for the people of Ladakh?
38.Which are the two languages presently spoken by Indians?
39.How do we explain diversity?
40.What do you mean by inequality? Give an example of it.
4M>
41.Do you think the term "unity in diversity" is an appropriate term to describe India?Explain.
42.Explain the Jallianwalla Bagh massacre.
43.Differentiate between Sameer Ek and Sameer Do.