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His New Questions and Ideas <1M> 1. Who was the founder of Buddhism? (A) (a) Siddartha (D) (d) Bimbisara (B) (b) Mahavira (C) (c) Ajatsattu 2.Buddha belonged to a small Gana known as the (D) None of them (A) Sangha (B) Ashramas (C) Sakya Gana 3. Under which tree did Buddha meditate for several days? (A) Banyan Tree (B) Mango Tree (C) Apple Tree (D) Peepal Tree 4. For the first time, Buddha taught at near Varanasi. (A) Sarnath (B) Kutch (C) Ajanta Caves (D) Sun Temple 5. What did Buddha teach? (B) Life is full of suffering and (A) Life is full of suffering and happiness unhappiness (C) Life is full of joys (D) None of them 6. What was the language of ordinary people? (A) Pali (B) Sanskrit (C) Prakrit (D) English 7. Match the following and choose the correct answer from the code given below Column I Column II (A)Thirst (i) Tanha (B)Individual soul (ii) Brahman (C)Universal soul (iii)Approaching and sitting near (D)Upanishad (iv)Atman (A) A-(i); B-(iv); C-(ii); D-(iii) (B) A-(ii); B-(iv); C-(iii); D-(i) (C) A-(iv); B-(iii); C-(ii); D-(i) (D) A-(i); B-(ii); C-(iii); D-(iv) 8. Gargi was famous for (A) Gymnastic (B) Aerobics (C) Learning (D) None of them 9.Satyakama Jabala was named after his mother, the slave woman (B) Jabali (C) Radha (A) Agni (D) Ramvati 10. Who accepted Satyakama as a student? (A) Vedvyas (B) Karana (C) Bhima (D) Gautama 11. The ideas of the Upanishads were later developed by the famous thinker

(C) Bhishmapitama (D) None of them

(A) Shankaracharya (B) Dronacharya

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12.Pick the odd one out (A) Shankracharya	(B) Satyakama	(C) Mahavira	(D) Panini					
13.How many formulae were made by Panini?								
(A) Around 3,000 5,000	(B) Around 2,000	(C) Around 1,000	(D) Around					
14.Panini prepared grammar for (A) English (B) French (C) Sanskrit (D) Hindi								
15.What is meant by Lichchh (A) A group that was part of t (C) Both option 'a' & 'b'	the Vajji Sangha	(B) A group of peop one of them	ole					
16. Vardhamana Mahavira taught a simple doctrine which said that (A) Men and women who wished to know the truth must leave their homes (B) People must follow very strictly, the rules of 'Ahimsa' (C) Live a lavish life (D) Both 'a' & 'b' are correct								
17.Prakrit spoken in Maghadha was known as (A) Maghadhi (B) Pali (C) Sanskrit (D) Spanish								
18. Which of the following requirement(s) is/are correct for a person to become a follower of Mahavira. Choose the correct answer from the code given below. (i) they had to lead very simple lives, begging for food (ii) they had to be absolutely honest and were especially asked not to steal (iii) they had to observe celibacy (iv) men had to give up every thing, including clothes								
(A) Only (i) is correct (C) Only option (iv) is correct		(B) Only (ii) & (iii) are correct (D) All of them are correct						
19.People who did not becor (A) Laughed and discouraged by providing them food			ed the followers,					
(C) Conducted meetings against the movements		(D) None of	them					
20.Farmers could not suppor (A) they had to kill insects to clothes		(B) they wa	nted to wear					
C) they could not walk bare foot		(D) all of them						

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21.Where is Va (A) Rajasthan		ar	(C) Gujrat	(D) Pur	ijab		
22. What was arranged by Mahavira and Buddha for those who left their homes to gain							
true knowledg (A) Party		(C) Meetings	(D) Farowell				
(A) Faily	(b) Sangna	(C) Meetings	(D) Farewell				
23. The rules made for the Buddhist Sangha were written down in the book called The							
(A) Guru Granth Sahib		(B) Bible	(C) Quran (D) Vinaya Pita		(D) Vinaya Pitaka		
24. What is the Prakrit word for beggar?							
(A) Bhikari	(B) Bhikkhus	(C) Yachaks	(D) None of th	em			
25.Match the followings and choose the correct answer from the code given below :							
Column I	Column II						
A)Brahmacharya (i)Marry and live as householders (B)Grihastha (ii)Live in the forest and meditate (C)Vanaprastha (iii)Lead simple life and study the Vedas (D)Samnyasins (iv)Give up every thing							
(A) A-(iii); B-(i); C-(ii); D-(iv) (B) A-(i); B-(ii); C-(iii); D-(iv) (C) A-(ii); B-(iv); C-(iii); D-(i) (D) A-(i); B-(ii); C-(iv); D-(iii)							
26. Where did the Buddha pass away?							
27. Where did Buddha give his sermon for the first time?							
28.When Buddha was born?							
29. Who was the founder of Buddhism?							
30. Who developed the ideas of the Upanishads later?							
31.Who supported Jainism?							
32. How were the teachings of Mahavira and his followers spread?							
33. Who developed the system of ashramas?							
34.All beings lo (A) The Buddh Prophet	_	o made this sta e Mahavira	atement? (C) Shankaracl	harya	(D) M uhammad		

His New Questions and Ideas

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35. Who were the people who joined the sangha? (B) labourers (D) all of them (A) Merchants (C) slaves 36.Zoroaster was a prophet from which country? (A) Egypt (B) Japan (C) China (D) Iran <2M> 37. What was the language in which Buddha taught and why? 38. Who was Vardhamana Mahavira? 39.At what age did Mahavira leave his home? 40. Why the teachings of Mahavira were understood by the ordinary people? 41. Whenwere the teachings of Jainism written down and where? 42. What was arranged by Buddha and Mahavira for those who left their homes in order to gain true knowledge? 43. How did the people at *sangha* lead their lives? 44. What were the main occupation of those who joinedthe sangha? 45. What were thethings gifted by people to Buddhist monks? 46. Who were Upanishadic thinkers? 47. Describes the ways in which the Buddha tried to spread is message to the people. 48. What were the questions that Upanishadic thinkers wanted to answer? 49. Name the four major ashrams? <3M> 50. Who was Satyakama Jabala? 51. What were the teachings of Mahavira? 52. Who were Jainas and how did they lead their life? 53. What does Vinaya Pitaka say about the Buddhist sangha?

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54. Who were bhikkhus and bhikkhunis?

55. What were the teachings ofBuddha?

<4M>
56. Explain the system of the ashramas and who were expected to follow the ashramas?

57.a) How did Buddha spend the rest of his life after he attained enlightenment?

b) What was the name of gana to which Buddha belonged?

58.a) At what age did Mahavira leave his home?

b) Why the teachings of Mahavira were understood by the ordinary people?

59.a) Why farmers did not support Jainism?

b) In which parts of India did Jainism spread?

60.a) What were the earliest viharasmade of?

b) Who donated the land for building viharas?