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His Ashoka, The Emperor Who Gave Up War <1M> 1. Who was the emperor Ashoka's grandfather? (D) None of (A) Bimbisara (B) Chandragupta Maurya (C) Satyakama them 2. Name the wise man present in Chandragupta Mauraya's empire. (A) Vedvyas. (B) Birbal. (C) Tenali Ram. (D) Chanakya. 3. The capital of Chandragupta's empire was (A) Patliputra (B) Ayodhya (C) Mathura (D) None of them 4. How are empires different from kingdoms? (A) Empires are larger than Kingdoms (B) Empires need more resources than Kingdoms (C) Empires need more officials who collect more taxes than Kingdoms (D) All of them 5. From whom did the emperor collect taxes? (B) Herders (D) All of the above (A) Farmers (C) Craftsperson 6. How do we come to know about the administration of the Mauryan Empire? (A) From Arthashastra (B) From Bible (C) From Ramayana (D) From Mahabharat 7. Who was sent to the court of Chandragupta Maurya by the Greek ruler of West Asia named Seleucus Nicator? (A) Alexander (C) Megasthenes (D) None of them (B) Hercules 8. What is the modern name of Patliputra? (A) Patna (B) Gujarat (C) Rajasthan (D) Punjab 9. Which ruler tried to convey his message to the people through inscriptions? (A) Bimbisara (B) Ajatasattu (C) Ashoka (D) None of them is the ancient name of coastal Orissa. 10. (A) Kalinga (B) Harappa (C) Mohen-jo-daro (D) Kutch 11. Why did Ashoka decide to give up wars? (A) He wanted to take samnyas (B) He was horrifiedbythe violence and bloodshed caused because of wars. (C) He was old (D) All of them

12. What is the Prakrit word for 'Dharma'?

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(A) Dhamma	(B) Karna	(C) Dharti	(D) All	of them		
13.Ashoka was insp (A) Mahavira			uddha		Panini	
14. What are the vario code given below. (i)People in the em (ii)Animals were sa (iii)Slaves and serva (iv)There were qua (A) Only (i) and (ii)	pire followed d crificed ants were ill tre rrels in families	ifferent religior ated and amongst r	ns, and th	is sometime	es led to co	
15.Who were appo (A) Dhamma Maha None of them	inted by Ashok	a as officials?		(C) Both 'a'	and 'b'	(D)
16.Where were Asl (A) Roof (B) F	_		oth 'b' ar	nd 'c'		
17.Where did Asho correct answer from (i) Syria(ii) Egypt(iii	m the code give	en below :	ead ideas	s about 'dhai	mma'. Cho	oose the
(A) Only (i) (B) (	Only (ii) and (iii)	(C) O	nly (iv)	(D) All of th	iem	
18(A) Holland	was a gatew (B) Greece	ay to the north (C) T	-	cluding Cent (D) Mathur		
19.What do you kn (A) The family in w (B) A group of twer (C) An association of (D) None of them	hich, members nty or more pec	become rulers	one after	another.		
20.A tribute was gi (A) forcefully	ven(B) willingly	 (C) k	ndly	(D) genero	usly	
21.What things we (A) Timber		-		-		
22.According to the	e description of	Patliputra, wri	tten dow	n by Megast	henes, it	

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His Ashoka, The Emperor Who Gave Up War (A) 570 towers and 64 gates (B) 120 towers and 28 gates (C) 450 towers and 32 gates (D) None of them 23.Chanakaya was also known as (D) All of them (A) Ajatsattu (B) Chanda (C) Kautilya 24. What is Arthashastra? (B) Place (A) Book (C) King (D) None of them 25. Mauryan empire began more than \_ years ago. (A) 1,200 (B) 1,400 (C) 2,000 (D) 2,300 26. Which area was under the direct control of the emperor? 27. Which city of the Mauryan empire was the gateway to the northwest? 28. Name some of the important cities of the Mauryan empire? 29. What was the capital of the Mauryan empire? 30. What is the name of the book in which ideas of Kautilya were written down? 31. Who was sent to the court of Chandragupta as an ambassador by the Greek ruler of West Asia named Seleucus Nicator? 32. How did Ashoka convey his message to the people? 33. Who was the most famous Mauryan ruler? 34. What was the ancient name of coastal Orissa? 35. What was the language used in the Ashokan inscriptions? 36. What is the equal word for *Dhamma* in Sanskrit? 37. According to the inscription of Ashoka, he conquered Kalinga after how many years of becoming the king? 38. Which one of the following place is not one where the Ashokan inscription found? (A) Maski (B) Kalinga (C) Sanchi (D) all of them 39. The Rampurwa bull which was part of the Ashokan pillar is kept where at present? (A) Rshtrapati Bhavan (B) Delhi Museum (C) Art gallery in London (D) Sanchi

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40. Where is the Great wall located? (A) China (B) Japan (C) America (D) Italy						
<2M> 41.What is the difference between tribute and taxes?						
42.a) How empires were different from kingdoms?						
b) Who were three important rulers of the Mauryan dynasty?						
43. What is dynasty?						
44. Who was the wise man who supported Chandragupta Maurya?						
45. What were the resources collected as tribute from south India and the north-west by the emperor?						
46. Who found the Mauryan empire and when?						
47. What was the relation of the people who lived in the forest areas with the empire?						
48. What were the welfare measures taken by Ashoka?						
49. Who were appointed by Ashoka to spread dhamma?						
50. According to the inscription how many people were killed in the Kalinga war?						
51.By whom wan Chandra gupta maurya supported? What was the book written by him?						
52. Who was Megasthenes? What was the book written by him						
53.						
54. <\$>What were the facilities provided by Ashoka to the people?						
<3M> 55.Write in brief about Pataliputra?						
56. Whydid Ashokawant to spread dhamma?						

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- 57. What was Ashoka's dhamma explain.
- 58. Why did Ashoka give up fighting wars?

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- 59. What is the decession taken up by Ashoka after Kalinga war?
- 60. What are the messages given by Ashoka to the people?
- 61.a) Name some of the countries where Ashoka sent his officials to spread *dhamma*. b)What were the other methods followed by Ashoka to spread *dhamma*?