$\qquad$ Roll No. $\qquad$

## Worksheet - 15

## Class VI

## Chapter - 14 (Practical Geometry)

1. Fill in the blanks :-
i) If diameter of a circle is 18 cm , the radius is $\qquad$ .
ii) The longest chord of a circle is $\qquad$ .
iii) Number of circles passing through a given point are $\qquad$ .
iv) Circle which have same centre but diffrent radii are called $\qquad$ circles.
v) Angles of set squares are (i) $\qquad$ $45^{0}$ $\qquad$ (ii) $\underline{30}^{\circ}$ $\qquad$
2. Refer to the figure given below, answer the following.
i) Name any radius of the circle $\qquad$
ii) Name centre of the circle $\qquad$
iii) Name any segment of the circle $\qquad$
iv) Name one sector of the circle $\qquad$
v) Name any point in the interior of the circle $\qquad$
vi) Name any exterior point of circle $\qquad$

vii) Name any point on the circle $\qquad$
3. Solve
i) Given $\overline{\mathbf{A B}}=3 \mathrm{~cm} \& \overline{\mathbf{C D}}=4 \mathrm{~cm}$, construct a line segment $\overline{\mathbf{X y}}$ equal to sum of $\overline{\mathbf{A B}} \& \overline{\mathbf{C D}}$.
ii) Draw a line segment of length 5 cm and construct its perpendicular bisector.
iii) Draw an angle of $60^{\circ}$ an construct its bisector.
