

INTERNATIONAL INDIAN SCHOOL, RIYADH
SA2 WORKSHEET - 1, 2014 - 2015
CLASS - V, SUBJECT - SCIENCE

LESSON - 1 REPRODUCTION IN PLANTS

I FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. _____ is a process by which new plants are grown from the parent plant.
2. Plant like ferns, mushrooms and moulds reproduce from _____.
3. Ginger also grows from the _____ on the ginger stem.
4. _____ is a bulb – shaped underground stem.
5. The roots which not only store food in them but also produce new plants are known as _____ roots.
6. The seed which has two cotyledons is known as _____.
7. The baby plant is also known as _____.
8. The spot where the seed is attached to the plant is known as _____.
9. The seeds which has only one cotyledon is known as _____ seeds.
10. Same kind of plants when grown at a particular region at a particular time are known as _____.
11. In Jasmine plant we can grow new plant by _____ process.
12. The process of spreading seeds to different places is called _____.

II. NAME THE FOLLOWING

1. Two examples of monocotyledons
a) _____ b) _____
2. Two examples of Dicotyledons
a) _____ b) _____

3. Two seed that are dispersed by wind
a) _____ b) _____
4. Two seeds that are dispersed by water
a) _____ b) _____
5. Name two tuberous roots
a) _____ b) _____
6. Name two underground stems
a) _____ b) _____
7. A bulb – shaped underground stem
a) _____
8. Two plants that reproduce from spores.
a) _____ b) _____

III -WRITE TRUE OR FALSE

1. Paddy grows in wet and clayey soil . ()
2. The external covering of a seed is termed as a baby plant. ()
3. Squirrels bury seeds to eat during the winter. ()
4. Birds can be kept away from crops by using a scare crow. ()
5. Vegetables grow best in the soil containing enough minerals ()
6. Plants give us food, wood, fibres and many other things ()
7. Plants give us carbondioxide ()