Full Marks: 225	5		Time: 3 hrs
1. Living things need	to breathe.		
a) water	b) air	c) sunlight	d) food
2. A baby grows into a			
a) child	b) man	c) woman	d) teens
3. The plant	folds its leaves when to	ouched.	
a) touch me not	b) Rose plant	c) tulsi plant	d) Marigold plant
4. Plants have	which grow into	new plants.	
a) fruit	b) seeds	c) buds	d) flower
5 move but	t do not show movemen	t.	
a) birds	b) animals	c) plants	d) Human beings
6. The process of making	food by plant is called	2	
a) pigment	b) photosynthesis	c) stomata	d) carbon-di-oxide
7. The leaf has	5 pigment.		
a) green	b) blue	c) white	d) yellow
8. Plants breathe through			
a) lungs	b) air tubes	c) gills	d) pores
9. A seed turns into a			
a) flower	b) fruit	c) plant	d) buds
10. Neem tree is	thing.		
a) Non-living	b) living	c) both	d) only non- living
11. Human beings have			
a) puppies	b) babies	c) cubs	d) kitten

Full Marks: 22	5		Time: 3 hrs
2. Whale is a mammal	which gives birth to		
a) baby fish	b) baby whales	c) lay eggs	d) hatch eggs
3 live in wate	r.		
a) rat	b) cat	c) dog	d) fish
4 have horns.			
a) horses	b) bulls	c) monkeys	d) donkeys
5. Plants make the air			
a) fresh	b) dirty	c) dusty	d) noisy
6. Braille is a form of			
a) writing	b) reading	c) listening	d) hearing
7. We should look after			
a) old people	b) friends	c) young people	d) neighbours
8. Old age Home is a pla	ace for		
A5) young people	b) teenage	c) babies	d) old5 age people
9. Caring for elders is a	habit.		
a) good	b) bad	c) worst	d) more worst
0. Louis Braille invente	ed the Braille script to I	help	
a) Blind	b) handicap	c) deaf	d) dumb
1 people use t	he Braille script to rea	ad and write.	
a) Handicap	b) deaf	c) Blind	d) Dumb
2. People who cannot h	ear and speak are		
a) Blind	b) Handicap	c) Deaf	d) Dumb

	Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
23.	We should help the ph	sically challenged peo	pple and make them	n to feel
	a) unhappy	b) happy	c) sad	d) annoyed
24.	Braille is a system of J	printing for the		
	a) Blind	b) deaf	c) dumb	d) physically challenged people
25.	Plants that are strong w	with big thick trunks are	called	
	a) Shrubs	b) Trees	c) Climbers	d) Creepers
26.	ha	we thin and hard woody	v stems.	
	a) Herbs	b) Trees	c) Shrubs	d) Creepers
27.	is	an example of herb.		
	a) Neem	b) Tulsi	c) Pumpkin	d) Rose
28.	hav	ve soft green stems.		
	a) Trees	b) Herbs	c) Shrubs	d) Climbers
29.		is an example of shrub	s.	
	a) Banyan	b) Bitter gourd	c) Coriander	d) Rose
30.	The two main parts o	of plants are	and	·
	a) Leaves, Stems	b) Root, Shoot	c) Stems, Buds	d) Fruits, Stems
31.	is ar	example of trees.		
	a) Pumpkin	b) Peepal	c) Rose	d) Grapevine
32.	and	have weak stem	s.	
	a) Climbers, Creepe	ers b) Shrubs, Herbs	c) Trees, Shrubs	d) Herbs, Trees
33.	Roots suck in	and from	the soil and send it	t to other parts of the plant.
	a) Water, Soil	b) Food, Soil	c) Water, Minera	l salts d) Air, Food

Full Marks: 22	5		Time: 3 hrs
4 is ar	n example of climbers.		
a) Pumpkin	b) Grapevine	c) Mint	d) Rose
5 are fo	od factories of plants.		
a) Stems	b) Root	c) Leaves	d) Buds
6 is an	example of creepers.		
a) Pumpkin	b) Tulsi	c) Peepal	d) Grapevine
7. The help and Flowers?	os the plant to stand er	ect and gives support t	o branches, leaves,
a) Root	b) Stem	c) Shoot	d) Bud
8 is the g	reen colouring matter i	n leaves?	
a) Sunlight	b) Air	c) Chlorophyll	d) Carbon- di- oxide
9 lies abov	e the ground and	lies under the grou	ind?
a) Root, Shoot	b) Shoot, Root	c) Root, Stem	d) Root, Leaves
0 leaves are	e used as plates for eati	ng our food?	
a) Palm	b) Mehandi	c) Mint	d) Banana
1 leaves	are used to make chut	ney?	
a) Banana	b) Mehandi	c) Mint	d) Palm
2 leaves	s are used to colour han	ds and feet?	
a) Mehandi	b) Palm	c) Banana	d) Mint
 Some leaves are used a) Birds 	to drive away b) Insects	? ? c) Fish	d) Animals
4. The largest animal in	the world.		
a. elephant	b. blue whale	c. giraffe	d. walrus

Full Marks: 22			Time: 3 hrs
45. The smallest insect.			
a. fairy fly	b. house fly	c. dragon fly	d. glow worm
46. The tallest animal.			
a. Elephant	b. camel	c. giraffe	d. whale
17 is a hert	pivore.		
a. lion	b. hen	c. bear	d. none of these
-8 is an	omnivore.		0
a. cow	b. lion	c. hen	d. none of these
9 is a carniv	ore.		
a. cow	b. fox	c. rabbit	d. ox
0. Water animals use th	eir tail to	in water.	
a. move	b. drink	c. wash	d. clean
1. Insects have	legs.		
a. 3	b. 4	c. 5	d. 6
2. Spider has	legs.		
a. 6	b. 7	c. 8	d. 9
3. Bed bugs suck	·		
a. milk	b. Blood	c. Water	d. juice
54. A tr	ansmits disease causin	g germs.	
a. Lizard	b. housefly	c. bats	d. none of these
5. A catches	their prey by weaving	a web.	
a. house fly	b. mosquito	c. cockroach	d. spider

Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
56 carry loa			
a. cow	b. deer	c.horse	d. goat
57. Silkworm gives us			
a. silk	b. cotton	c. jute	d. none of these
58. Earth worm eats			
a. soil	b. animals	c. rice	d. none of these
59. Animals that are kept at	home or farm are calle	d animals.	
a. domestic	b. pet	c. wild	d. none of these
60. The oxen are used to	our field.		
a. carry	b. eat	c. treat	d. plough
61. Honey bee gives us	C		
a. milk	b. honey	c. silk	d. egg
62. Sheep gives us			
a. wool	b. silk	c. cotton	d. polyester
63give us eggs.			
a. cow	b. sheep	c. ox	d. hens
64. Animals kept at home for	or recreation are called	animals.	
a. Wild	b. pet	c. domestic	d. none of these
65 is an animal	that lives under the gro	ound.	
a. mole	b. lion	c. ant	d. cockroach
66 is a black a	and yellow flying insec	t that stings.	
a. wasp	b. mosquito	c. Dragon fly	d. none of these

	Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
67. A	uses their	tails to hold branches	when they move from	tree to tree.
	a. owl	b. monkey	c. snake	d. none of these
68. A	bird' s bones are			
	a. solid	b. thin	c. hollow	d. heavy
69. Bi	ird's wings are its			
	a. fingers	b. trunk	c. arms	d. chest
70. Tł	ne muscles attached to	the breastbones of bird	Is are	
	a. wing muscles	b. body muscles	c. flight muscles	d. breast muscles
71		helps the birds to	keep their body warm.	
	a. flight feathers	b. warm feathers	c. tail feathers	d. down feathers
72	he	lp the birds to change	its direction during flig	;ht.
	a. flight feathers	b. warm feathers	c. tail feathers	d. down feathers
73	i	s a flightless bird		
	a. hen	b. duck	c. swallow	d. kassovary
74	is a	bird which can fly very	y low.	
	a. ostrich	b. crow	c. sparrow	d. kite
75	is r	not a waterbird.		
	a. gull	b. kiwi	c. pelican	d. crane
76	is a bire			
	a. crane	b. gull	c. duck	d. kiwi
77	h	elp a bird to fly.		
	a. boat shaped body	b. wings with strong	muscles c. tail mad	e of feathers d. all of these

	Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
78		is a bird having oil g		
	a. Pelican	b. hen	c. pigeon	d. swallow
79	ha	s a webbed feet.		
	a. crane	b. ostrich	c. hen	d. kite.
80. D	r. Salim Ali was a fam	ous		
	a. cardiologist	b. ornithologist	c. botanist	d. mathematician
81		is a fast running bird.		
	a. crow	b. ostrich	c. pigeon	d. sparrow
82	al	re teethless animals.		
	a. birds	b. reptiles	c. amphibians	d. all of these.
83		is a bird which fly ove	er great distances.	
	a. pigeon	b. pelican	c. penguin	d. sparrow
84	is	a bird having sharp eye	es to locate its prey.	
	a. vulture	b. eagle	c. kite	d. all of these
85		is a bird having short	and horney beak	
	a. peacock	b. finch	c. sparrow	d. all of these
86. Bi	irds having hard and cu	rved beaks eats		
	a. flesh	b. fruits	c. nuts	d. water animals
87		is a bird havin	ng long sticky tongue.	
	a. pigeon	b. woodpecker	c. hen	d. eagle
88		flies with their beak	s wide open.	
	a. crows	b. pigeon	c. peacock	d. swallow

	Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
89				
	a. crane	b. heron	c. paddy bird	d. all of these
90. T	he beak of	has tiny h	oles along the edge.	
	a. crane	b. sparrow	c. parrot	d. duck
91. W	oodpecker eats			
	a. seeds	b. nuts	c. wood	d. insects
92	uses its	beaks to climb on trees	. 0	
	a. sparrow	b. crow	c. owl	d. parrot
93	catches	hundreds of flies and in	nsects which stick insid	de their mouth while flying
	a. crane	b. sparrow	c. swallow	d. woodpecker
94. K	ite has		beak.	
	a. strong hooked	b. sharp pointed	c. short pointed	d. none of these
95		has soft and broad	d beak.	
	a. eagle	b. swallow	c. hoope	d. duck
96		has long, slender beak		
	a. eagle	b. swallow	c. hoope	d. sparrow
97		has broad and flat	t beak.	
	a. kites	b. hen	c. parrot	d. duck
98		has short and hard	beak.	
	a. hoope	b. sparrow	c. swallow	d. gull
99		is a flightless	bird.	
	a. kiwi	b. emu	c. kassovary	d. all of these

Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
100	is a waterbird		
a. duck	b. gull	c. crane	d. all of these
101	is known as lazy	bird.	
a. sparrow	b. koel	c. swallow	d. duck
102. The food eaten by birds	having short and hard	d beak is	
a. grains	b. insects	c. hardfruits	d. flesh
103. The food eaten by birds	with sharp strong poi	inted beak is	
a. flesh	b. insects	c. water animals	d. food grains
104	is a bird h	aving no wings.	
a. hen	b. duck	c. kiwi	d. penguin
105. Vultures			
a. fly at great heights		have very sharp eyes	
106. In olden ages	we	ere used to carry letters	
a. crow	b. pigeon	c. parrot	d. swallow
107. Which is the odd one ou	ut based on its beaks		
a. crow	b. pigeon	c. swallow	d. sparrow
108	beak is used for digg	ging up mud	
a. broad flat beak	b. sharp pointed bea	k c. strong curved be	ak d. short and strong beak
109. The beak of	has stra	iner.	
a. cock	b. sparrow	c. duck	d. kiwi
110	is a perchi	ng bird.	
a. pigeon	b. crow	c. hen	d. duck
		C	d. duck

Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs				
111	can sleep at nig	th without falling fron	n the trees.				
a. sparrow	b. swallow	c. pigeon	d. eagle				
112 backwards in each claw.	112 has two toes in front pointing forward and two pointing backwards in each claw.						
a. crow	b .hen c. part	rot d. vul	tures				
113. Food gives us-							
(a) Energy	(b) Force	(c) Power	(d) Idea				
114. They protect us from d	iseases -	G					
(a) Fruits & Vegetabl	es (b) Medicines	(c) Chocolates	(d) Junk Foods				
115. A balanced diet is type	of food in-	0					
(a) Meat	(b) Proper amount	(c) Rice	(d) Idli				
116. Three month old baby a	also needs to eat-						
(a) Cheese	(b) Cereals	(c) Grains	(d) Bread				
117. Milk is said to be-							
(a) Baby food	(b) Complete food	(c) Incomplete food	(d) Tasty food				
118. Cheese and curd are-							
(a) Yummy food	(b) Junk food	(c) Body building fo	od (d) Protective food				
119. Dal-bati, Choorma is t	he famous dish of-						
(a) Punjab	(b) Tamil Nadu	(c) Rajasthan	(d) Assam				
120. People living in coastal	area mostly eat-						
(a) Fish 121. We eat stem of some pl	(b) Bread lants like-	(c) Makka ki roti	(d) Chicken				
(a) Carrot	(B) Lotus	(c) Apple	(d) Potato				

Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
122. Cabbage is which pa	rt of the plant?		
(a) Leaves	(B) Roots	(c) Stem	(d) Fruit
123. All fruits are eaten-			
(a) Boiled	(b) Raw	(c) Roasted	(d) Fried
124. Chapati is made with	-		
(a) Brinjal	(b) Flour	(c) Dal	(d) Rice
125. Cakes and Biscuits ar	e-		
(a) Baked	(b) Fried	(c) Steamed	(d) Boiled
126. A carvan is a house o	n-		
(a) Wheels	(b) Poles	(c) Snow	(d) Land
127. Stilt house are found	in-		
(a) Delhi	(b) Kashmir	(c) Assam	(d) Rajasthan
128. A family lives in a-			
(a) Garden	(b) House	(c) The open	(d) Forest
129. It makes a house look	beautiful-		
(a) Garbage	(b) Bandanwars	(c)Sand	(d) Music
130. Assam is a place havi	ng-		
(a) No rainfall	(b) Less rainfall	(c) Heavy rainfall	(d) River
131. In a mud house the ro	of are made up of-		
(a) Canvas	(b) Thorny Bushes	(c) Snow	(d) Iron
132 lives	in an igloo.		
(a) Kashmiri	(b) Assami	(c) Eskimo	(d) Rajasthani

Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
33. In multistoreyed buil	dings people use-		
(a) Ladder	(b) Swing	(c) Elevators	(d) Rope
34. In a garden one can s	ee-		
(a) Lion	(b) Glow worm	(c) Deer	(d) Whale
35. A chirping sound is c	reated by-		
(a) Butterflies	(b) Spiders	(c) Lizard (d) Crickets
36. House Boats are four	ıd in-		
(a) Kashmir	(b) Kerala	(c) Delhi (d) Assam
37. A clean house is free	from-		
(a) Diseases	(b) Furniture	(c) Rangoli (d) Heat.
38. The word textile com	es from the Latin wor	ď	
(a) texere	(b) texture	(c) thatch	(d) tetch
39. Texere means			
(a) to weave	(b) to wear	(c) to walk	(d) to write
40. Another word used fo	r textile is		
(a) fibre	(b) cloth	(c) fabric	(d) fancy
41. Weaving different th	reads of the cloth on a	machine called	
(a) needle	(b) loom	(c) knitting	(d) loop
42. In this method, the clo	oth is printed with wo	oden blocks	
(a) Roller printing	(b) Tie & dye	(c) Stencil print	(d) Block print
43. In this method the clo	th is tied in to knots w	vith thread	
(a) Batik	(b) Tie & dye	(c) Block print	(d) Ikat

Full Marks: 22	5		Time: 3 hrs
44. In Bengal the thread	embroidery is called		
(a) Kantha	(b) Phulkari	(c) Kalamkari	(d) Batik
45. In Punjab the style o	f embroidery is called	1	
(a) Kantha	(b) Batik	(c) Phulkari	(d) Kalamkari
46. Kalamkari is an art o	of		
(a) Bihar	(b) U.P.	(c) Kerala	(d) Punjab
47. In this printing meth	od, wax is used for m	aking colourful designs	0
(a) Ikat	(b) Batik	(c) Tie & dye	(d) Phulkari
48. Phiran is worn by we	omen in		
(a) Orissa	(b) Bihar	(c) Assam	(d) Kashmir
49. Women in Sikkim w	ear long skirts called		
(a) Phiran	(b) Baku	(c) Skirt	(d) Lungi
50. Earlier, dyes were m	ade from natural thin	gs like	
(a) Plant & animal	s (b) Soil	(c) Water	(d) Wood
51. A long piece of cloth	n which are worn (by	women) unstitched	
(a) Skirt	(b) Lungi	(c) Dhoti	(d) Sari
52. Kurta –lungi & Turb	an is worn in		
(a) Punjab	(b) Kerala	(c) Assam	(d) Bihar
53. Lungi- Shirt is famo	ous in		
(a) Tamil nadu	(b) U.P.	(c) Assam	(d) Haryana
54. A Loom is used for			
(a) weaving	(b) Printing	(c) Knitting	(d) Embroidery

Full Marks: 22	25		Time: 3 hr
55. Churidar – Kurta v	vith angarakha is worn	in	
(a) Bengal	(b) Rajasthan	(c) Kerala	(d) Andhra Pradesh
56. Turban is worn in 1	Rajasthan and		
(a) Assam	(b) Kashmir	(c) Punjab	(d) Bihar
57. Textile are formed	by		
(a) Weaving	(b) Painting	(c) Printing	(d) Wearing
58. The perrotine is a b	lock-printing machine	invented by Perrot of	of Rouen in
(a) 1854	(b) 1830	(c) 1834	(d) 1876
59. Animal textiles are	commonly made from		
(a) Bones	(b) Hair or fur	(c) Skin	(d) Wax
60. Silk is made from t	he fibres of the cocoon	of the Chinese	
(a) Silkworm	(b) Earthworm	(c) Goat	(d) Sheep
61. Woodblock printing	g is probably originated	lin	
(a) India	(b) China	(c) Japan	(d) U.S.A.
62. The river deposited	d soil is called		
a. sand	b. rock	c. silt	d. loam
63. Which kind of so	il is used for making	pots and toys?	
a. gravel	b. clay	c. sand	d. parent rock
64. Which is the bott	tom layer of the soil	?	
a. bed rock	b. gravel	c. bottom rock	d. sand
65. Which is the best	soil for growing plan	its?	
a. sand	b. clay	c. gravel	d. loam

Full Marks: 225	Time: 3 hrs			
66. Fertiliser is made of	f			
a. organic matter	b. inorganic matter	c. both a and b	d. no	one
67. What supply minera	ls to the soil?			
a. manure	b. fertilisers	c. chemicals	d. bo	oth a and b
68. Which is the upper	nost layer of the earth	n's crust?		
a. soil	b. water	c. mountains	d. ro	cks
69. A mixture of sand	, silt and clay with h	umus is called		
a. clayey soil	b. loamy soil	c. silt	d. sa	ndy soil
70. The naturally occur	ing inorganic substance	es are called		
a. minerals	b. chemicals	c. manure	d. hu	imus
71. Which layer of the	soil has maximum h	umus		
a. bed rock	b. sub soil	c. top soil	d. bo	oth a and b
72. Which is the basic	source of energy on	the earth		
a. moon	b. sun	c. earth	d. pl	anets
73. Diarrhoea is caused	by			
a. air pollution	b. water pollution	c. soil pollu	ition	d. noise pollutio
74. The harmful gases	present in smoke are			
a. carbon monoxide	b. carbon dioxide	c. oxygen		d. both a and b
75. Which of the follow a. smoke from hou		of air pollution? oke from factories		
c. waste water rele 76. Which of the follow		oke from vehicles		
a. clouds	b. plants	c. animals	d. bo	oth a and c

Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs				
177. A person who treats	animals						
a. mason	b. plumper	c. veterinary doctor	d. carpenter				
178. Name the only plane	et that has air and w	vater?					
a. jupiter	b. mercury	c. earth	d. mars				
179. The important natura	9. The important natural resources are						
a. air and sunlight c. water and soil	b. air and water d. air ,water, soil an	d sunlight					
180. Which kind of pollu	tion can cause peopl	e deaf?					
a. air pollution	b. water pollution	c. noise pollution	d. soil pollution				
181. The carrying away of	of the topsoil by natu	ural forces is called					
a. soil erosion	b. soil conservation	c. soil protection	d. deforestation				
182. The protection of so	il from being washed	d away by eroding ag	gents				
a. soil erosion	b. soil conservation	c. aforestation	d. none of these				
183. The earth is							
a. perfectly round in c. flat in shape.	· ·	b. slightly flattened a d. flattened at the equ	-				
184. Three-fourths of the ear	rth's surface is covered	d with					
a. land.	b. water.	c. air.	d. plants.				
185. Rotation is							
	he earth around the sur he earth on its own axi		of the sun round the earth. of the moon round the sun.				
186. The movement of the e	earth around the sun is	called					
a. Rotation.	b. Revolution.	c. Constellation.	d. none of the above.				
		17					

	Full Marks: 225			Time: 3 hrs
87. F	Rotation of the earth	causes		
	a. day and night.	b. seasons.	c. eclipse.	d. none of the above.
88. F	Revolution of the ear	th causes		
	a. day and night.	b. seasons.	c. eclipse.	d. phases of moon.
39	is the mode	el of the earth.		
	a. Comet	b. Globe	c. Satellite	d. Football
90. S	Slightly flat ends at b	oth the ends of the ea	arth is called	
	a. equator.	b. orbit.	c. axis.	d. poles.
91. 7	Time taken by the ear	th to complete one re	otation is	
	a. 24 hours	b. 7 days	c. 365 ¼ days	d. All the above.
92. (On a globe, the contin	nent which you see of	n the other side of India	a is
	a. Africa.	b. Antarctica.	c. America	d. Australia
93. A	A body that revolves	around a planet		
	a. satellite	b. comet	c. sun	d. constellation
94.]	The natural satellite o	f the earth is		
	a. Ursa major	b. Ursa minor	c. Moon	d. None of the above.
95.	Distance between the	e earth and the moon	is	
	a. 384,403	b. 280,400	c. 700,000	d. 400,000
96. V	Which of the stateme	nt given below is true	9	
	c. The moon has no	light of its own but light of its own but	reflects the light of the reflects the light of the sown and of the sun.	

Full Marks: 22			Time: 3 hrs
197. 'Phases of moon' is	defined as		
b. the amount of the	anges in the shape of the he moon's lighted surfac of the moon round the ea ve	e we can see from the	earth.
198. When we do not see	the lit up face of the mo	oon, it is called	
a. New moon	b. Crescent moon	c. Full moon	d. Half moon
199. A part of the moon'	s lit up face is called		
a. New moon	b. Crescent moon	c. Full moon	d. None
200. The period of time t	aken for a change from	new moon to full moor	n is
a. 1 month	b. 24 hours	c. Fortnight	d. 10 days
201. A group of stars is c	alled		
a. comet	b. satellite	c. constellation	d. none of the above
202. The part of the earth	which faces the sun has	8	
a. day	b. night	c. day and night	d. none of the above
203. The part of the earth	which does not face the	e sun has	
a. day	b. night	c. day and night	d. none of the above
204. The earth gets its lig	ght from the		
a. moon	b. sun	c. satellite	d. other planets.
205. Time taken by the e	arth to complete one rev	olution is	
a. 24 hours	b. 7 days	c. 365 ¼ days	d. 2 years
206. What helps to burn	the sugar in our body?		
a. carbon dioxide	b. protein	c. blood	d. oxygen

	Full Marks: 225	Time: 3 hrs		
207.	Total number of bone			
	a. 206	b. 204	c. 202	d.203
208.	What is the skeletal s	ystem?		
	a. All bones in the l c. All the body's or			
209.	The hollow space in	the middle of bones is f	filled with	
	a. air	b. blood	c. bone cells	d. bone marrow
210.	Where does food pas	s through between the	mouth and the stomach	1?
	a. rectum	b. small intestine	c. large intestine	d. oesophagus
211.	The blood vessels tak	ting blood away from t	he heart are called	
	a. veins	b. arteries	c. fibers	d. nerves
212.	Which describe the	spinal cord exactly.		
	a. bone	b. nerve	c. muscle	d. cells
213.	Skull protects the			
	a. internal organs	b. brain	c. bones	d. blood
214.	Which is not a function	on of sense organ		
	a. seeing	b. touching	c. moving	d. Hearing
215.	Waste removed by th	e circulatory system ar	e disposed through	
	a. lungs	b. bowels	c. kidneys	d. liver
216.	Which of the following a. liver	ng does not manufactur b. kidneys	re digestive juices? c. stomach	d. pancreas
217.	in the blood.	produce insulin, a s	substance that helps to	regulate the level of sug
	a. pancreas	b. liver	c. kidney	d. stomach

	Full Marks: 225		Time: 3 hrs	
218.	Nerve impulses are c	carried from the eye	to the brain through	
	a. veins	b. nerves	c. tissues	d. arteries
219.	Our taste buds taste			
	a. sweet, salty, sou	r, and bitter foods.	b. nothing c. jui	cy foods. d. dry foods
220.	Our hear or feel	gets m	essages from our senses to	tell us what we see, smell,
	a. stomach	b. brain	c. heart	d. hair
221.	What happens when	you breathe in		
	a. diaphragm expa c. no change	nds and ribcage co	ntract b. diaphragm contra d. diaphragm and r	e 1
222.	Air enters your lungs	s through		
	a. wind pipe	b. esophagus	c. alveoli	d. mouth
223.	Are there muscles in	your eyes?		
	a. no	b. yes	c. only when asleep	d. only when awake
224.	What makes bones se	o strong?		
	a. silica	b. cartilage	c. calcium	d. blood marrow
225.	When you breath out	, what gas does you	ır body get rid of?	
	a. nitrogen	b. oxygen	c. carbon dioxide	d. both and carbon dioxid

(Each question carries 1 mark)

Full Marks: 225

Time: 3 hrs

Answer Key

1. b	2. a 3.a	4.b 5.c	6.b	7.a	8.d	9.c	10. b
11.b	12. b 13.d	14.b 15	5. a 16.a	17.a	18.d	19.a	20.a
21.c	22.a 23.b	24.a 25	5. b 26. c	27. b	28. b	29. d	30. b
31. b	32. a 33. c	34. b 35	5. c 36. a	37. b	38. c	39. b	40. d
41. c	42. a 43. b	44. b 45	5. a 46. c	47. d	48. c	49. b	50. a
51. d	52. c 53. b	54. b 55	5. d 56. c	57. a	58. a	59. a	60. d
61. b	62. a 63. d	64. b 65	5. a 66. a	67. b	68. c	69. c	70. c
71. d	72. c 73. d	74. c 75	5.b 76.d	77. d	78. a	79. a	80. b
81. b	82. a 83. a	84. d 8	5. d	86. c	87. b	88. d	89. d 90. d
91. d	92. d 93.	.c 94.a	95. b	96. c	97. d	98. b	99. d 100. d
101. b	102. a 103	. b 104. c	105. d 1	06. b	107. c	108. a	109. c 110. b
111. a	112. c 113.	a 114.a	115. b	116. b	117. b	118. c	119. c 120. a
121. b	122. a 123.	b 124. b	125. a	126. a	127. c	128. b	129.b 130. c
131. b	132. c 133.	c 134. b	135. d	136. a	137. a	138. a	139. a 140. c
141. b	142. d 143.	b 144. a	145. c	146. a	147. b	148. d	149. b 150. a
151. d	152. a 153.	a 154. a	155. b	156.	c 157.	a 158. o	c 159. b 160. a
161. b	162. c 163.	b 164. a	165. d	166. b	167. d	168. a	169. b 170. a
171. c	172. b 173	. b 174. d	175. c	176. b	177. c	178. c	179. d 180. c
181. a	182. b 183	. b 184. b	185. c	186. b	187. a	188. b	189. b 190. d
191. a	192. c 193	. a 194. c	195. a	196. c	197. b	198. a	199. b 200. c
201. c	202. a 203	. b 204. b	205. c	206. d	207. a	208.	a 209. d 210. d
211. b	212. b 213	b. b 214. c	215. c	216. b	217. a	218. t	o 219. a 220. b
221. b	222. a 223	. b 224. c	225. c				

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