# AMBE SCHOOL, Manjalpur, Vadodara

Class - III

**Practice Worksheet-I** 

Year: 2013 - 14

L-6 Length

**Subject: Maths** 

**Marks** : 20

#### Q.1 Fill in the blanks.

(6)

- (1) 5m =\_\_\_\_ cm.
- (2) 12 inches make \_\_\_\_\_ foot.
- (3)  $1 \text{ yard} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  feet.
- (4)  $1 \text{ cm} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{mm}.$
- (5) 9000 m =\_\_\_\_ km.
- (6)  $7 \text{ m} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 56 \text{ m}.$
- (7)  $42000 \div 1000 =$ \_\_\_\_\_ km.
- (8) 8 Km 525 m \_\_\_\_\_ 85 m 25 cm (put < , >)
- (9) The standard unit for measuring length is called \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- (10) The \_\_\_\_\_\_ of a figure is the region enclosed within its boundary.
- (11) \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ are non standard units.

#### Q.2 Convert the following lengths. (Show calculation)

**(4)** 

- (1)  $2508 \text{ m} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ km } \underline{\qquad} \text{ m}$
- (2)  $98 \text{ m } 5 \text{ cm} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ cm}$

- (3)  $84 \text{ km } 6 \text{ m} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{m}$
- (4)  $6723 \text{ cm} = \underline{\qquad} \text{ m} \underline{\qquad} \text{ cm}$

#### Q.3 Add the following lengths.

(3)

### Q.4 Subtract the following lengths.

**(3)** 

**(4)** 

- (1) Rama's height is 1 m 25 cm. If Rama is 29 cm taller than Rimi, what is Rimi's height?
- (2) A 5 m 5 cm long ribbon is cut into 5 equal parts. How long is each part?

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Class - III

**Practice Worksheet-II** 

Year: 2013 - 14

L-6 Length

**Subject: Maths** 

**Marks** : 20

#### Q.1 Write true or false.

(3)

- (1) 50 km = 5000 m. \_\_\_\_\_
- (2) 8 m 6 cm = 860 cm. \_\_\_\_\_
- (3) 2489 m = 2 km 489 m. \_\_\_\_\_
- (4) 700 cm = 7 m. \_\_\_\_\_
- (5) To measure greater distances, we use the unit kilometre \_\_\_\_\_
- (6) 7 km 5 m = 705 m. \_\_\_\_\_

#### Q.2 Add the following with conversion.

(2)

+ 5 m 7 cm = + \_\_\_\_ m

= \_\_\_\_ km \_\_\_ m

= \_\_\_\_ m \_\_\_\_ cm

### Q.3 Subtract the following with conversion.

(2)

(2) 83 m

 $- 3 \text{ km } 806 \text{ m} = - \underline{\qquad} \text{ m}$ 

\_

= \_\_\_\_ km \_\_\_ m

\_\_\_\_\_ cm = \_\_\_\_ m \_\_\_\_ cm

## Q.4 Multiply the following.

**(3)** 

(2) 4 m 2 3 cm

(3) 9 km 304 m

$$\frac{\times}{m}$$
 cm

$$\frac{\times}{\text{km}}$$
 m

\_\_\_\_km\_\_\_m

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Q.5	Write 'm' for metre or 'cm' for cent	timetı	re or 'km' for kilometre accordingly	·. (5)
(1)	The length of a boat	(2)	The length of a toothbrush	_
(3)	The distance between Vadodara to Surat			
(4)	The height of a building	(5)	The length of a saree	
(6)	The length of Slipper	(7)	Your own height	
(8)	The length of your nail			
_	<b>Divide the following.</b> 7 m 4 km		m	(2)
(1)	$7 \frac{\text{m}}{\sqrt{497 \text{ m}}}$ (2) $4 \frac{\text{km}}{\sqrt{8 \text{ km}}}$	0 2 0	<u>) m</u>	

# Q.7 Solve the following. (4)

(1) An old scooter needs to rest every 3 km travelled. How many times will the scooter need to rest in a 39 km journey?

(2) In a race Shyam runs 4 km 370 m and Ram runs 2 km 594 m. Who runs more and by how much ?