

Bal Bharati Public School, Pusa Road campus, New Delhi
Session 2012-2013

Worksheet No. 5

Subject : Maths

Name Date : Class/Sec: III,

1. Distribute 32 toffees to 8 children equally with the help of repeated subtraction till you get Zero.

Step I	$\begin{array}{r} 32 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	- 1 time
	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	-
	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	-
	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ - 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	-

Divisor = Dividend =

2. Write the division facts for the following multiplication facts

a. $12 \times 3 = 36$ \div =

and \div =

b. $8 \times 7 = 56$ \div =

and \div =

3. Find the quotient with the help of multiplication tables

a. $28 \div 4 =$

b. $45 \div 5 =$

c. $6 \div 6 =$

d. $36 \div 6 =$

e. $54 \div 9 =$

f. $9 \div 1 =$

4. Divide and find the quotient and remainder with the help of long division method

a. $17 \div 2 =$

b. $912 \div 8 =$

c. $1935 \div 9 =$

5. Write True/False

a. Dividend is the number to be divided.

b. The remainder is always bigger than the divisor.

c. If we divide a number by the number itself, we get 1 as quotient.

d. The rectangle has all the sides equal.

e. Plane surfaces are flat surfaces.

f. A square can always be called a rectangle but a rectangle can't be a square always.

g. Three dimensional figures have three characteristics – length, width and height.

6. Give two examples of –

a. Cone = and

b. Circle = and

c. Square = and