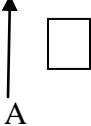


TEST SERIES XII (PHYSICS)**EMI AND AC****MT -1H****MM-30**

Q1-Two identical loops, one of copper and another of constantan, are removed from a magnetic field within the same time interval. In which loop the induced current will be greater? (1)

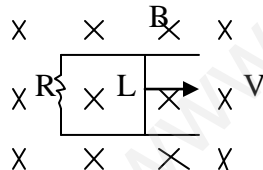
Q2-  In the wire AB current is decreasing. What is the direction of induced current in the square loop? (1)

Q3- Define the term self inductance. Write its SI unit. (1)

Q4- Find the capacitance of the capacitor that would have the reactance of 100Ω when used with an ac source of frequency $5/\pi$ KHz. (1)

Q5- Current and voltage in the circuit are $I = 10 \sin 314t$ and $V = 50 \sin (314t + \pi/2)$ V. What is the power dissipation in the circuit? (1)

Q6- A conducting rod of length l , with one end pivoted, is rotated with a uniform angular speed ω in a vertical plane, normal to the uniform magnetic field B . Deduce an expression for the emf induced in this rod. (2)

Q7-  (A) Find the induced current in the circuit.
(B) Find the minimum force required for pulling the sliding arm with constant speed v . (2)

Q8- An electric heater is connected, turn by turn, to a dc and ac sources of equal voltages. Will the rate of heat production be same in two cases? Explain. (2)

Q9- Prove that in a series LCR circuit, the power dissipated depends not only on the voltage and current but also on the cosine of the phase angle Φ between these two. (2)

Q10- Prove that on applying an ac across an inductor voltage leads to current by phase $\pi/2$ radian. (2)

Q11- An alternating voltage of frequency f is applied across a series LCR circuit. Let f_r be the resonance frequency. Will the current in the circuit lag, lead or remain in phase with the applied voltage when (a) $f > f_r$ (b) $f < f_r$ Explain your answer in each case. (2)

Q12.(A) Plot a graph showing variation of current with frequency of ac source in a series LCR circuit.(B)Plot a graph showing the variation of impedance of a series LCR circuit with the frequency of applied ac source.(1+1)

Q13.When a series combination of L and R are connected with a 10v,50hz,ac source, a current of 1amp flows in the circuit. The voltage leads the current by a phase angle of $\pi/3$ radian. Calculate the value of L and R.(2)

Q14.Write the principle of transformer. Prove that in a step up transformer current decreases across the secondary .Why we transmit the power at high voltage?(2)

Q15-Write the principle and working of ac generator.(3)

Q16-(A) Derive an expression for self inductance of a coil.(2)

(B)There are two concentric loop of radius r and R ($r \ll R$).Derive an expression for mutual inductance of the coils. (2)