

**CLASS XII**  
**CHAPTER -The p- Block Elements**

**ONE MARK QUESTIONS**

1. Why does  $\text{NO}_2$  dimerise? (2010)
2. Fluorine does not exhibit any positive oxidation state. Why? (2010)
3. What happens when  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3$  is heated?
4. Name a compound in which chlorine displays '+7' oxidation number.
5. On heating Cu turnings with conc.  $\text{HNO}_3$ , a brown coloured gas is evolved which on cooling dimerises. Identify the gas. (2016)

**TWO MARKQUESTIONS**

1. Explain why
  - a) Noble gases form compounds with oxygen and fluorine only.
  - b) Unlike phosphorous, nitrogen has no tendency for catenation.
2. Complete the following reactions:
  - a)  $\text{Zn} + \text{HNO}_3(\text{conc.}) \rightarrow$
  - b)  $\text{Cl}_2 + \text{NaOH}(\text{hot, Con}) \rightarrow$
3. Give equations for the manufacture of
  - a) Ammonia from nitrogen
  - b) Nitric acid from ammonia

**THREE MARKQUESTIONS**

1. Arrange the following in order of the property mentioned.
  - a)  $\text{HF}, \text{HCl}, \text{HBr}, \text{HI}$  (increasing acid strength)
  - b)  $\text{NH}_3, \text{PH}_3, \text{AsH}_3, \text{SbH}_3$  (increasing basic strength)
  - c)  $\text{HOCl}, \text{HOClO}, \text{HOClO}_3$  (increasing oxidizing power) (2010)
2. What are interhalogen compounds? How are they prepared? Why are they more reactive than molecular halogens?

3. Explain why
- $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  is gas while water is liquid at room temperature.
  - Helium is used in diving apparatus.
  - Iron dissolves in  $\text{HCl}$  to form  $\text{FeCl}_2$  and not  $\text{FeCl}_3$ . (2009)

### **FIVE MARK QUESTIONS**

- Account for the following :
    - Bond angle in  $\text{NH}_4^+$  is greater than that in  $\text{NH}_3$ .
    - Reducing character decreases from  $\text{SO}_2$  to  $\text{TeO}_2$ .
    - $\text{HClO}_4$  is a stronger acid than  $\text{HClO}$ .
  - Draw the structures of the following :
    - $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$
    - $\text{XeOF}_4$  (2015)
- Complete the following chemical equation:
    - $\text{S}_8 + \text{HNO}_3(\text{conc.}) \rightarrow$
    - $\text{P}_4 + \text{NaOH} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow$
  - Explain the following observations:
    - Sulphur in vapour state exhibits paramagnetic behavior.
    - The stability of +3 state increases down the group in group 15 of the periodic table.
    - $\text{XeF}_2$  has a linear shape and not a bent structure. (2010)

### **VALUE BASED QUESTION**

- Mark attended a seminar on the conservation of ozone layer. He came to know that freons are the compounds which are upsetting the ozone balance. So he decided to minimize the use of air conditioner.
  - What the function of ozone layer?
  - What is the value shown in the above paragraph?
  - Why does  $\text{O}_3$  act as a powerful oxidizing reagent?
  - Besides freons, which other compounds are responsible for depletion of ozone layer?

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