

SUBJECT-PSYCHOLOGY

CLASS- XI

LESSON- WHAT IS PSYCHOLOGY?

CH-1

HOME ASSIGNMENT

Q1- Define the term 'psychology'. (1)

Q2- Explain the term 'psychology'. (3)

Q3- What are the two kinds of behaviours? Explain with the help of examples. (2)

Q4- Discuss the status of psychology as a discipline. (3)

Q5- Answer these:

(i) What is hypothetico-deductive model? (1)

(ii) What is a 'theory'? (2)

Q6- Explain briefly how psychology is viewed as a social science. (2)

Q7- Define the term 'psychoneuroimmunology'. (1)

Q8- Write short notes on the following: (3 marks each)

(i) Structuralism

(ii) Functionalism

(iii) Gestalt psychology

(iv) Behaviourism

(v) Cognitive psychology

Q9- Briefly explain the terms: (1 or 2 marks)

- (i) Psychoanalysis
- (ii) Humanistic psychology
- (iii) Constructivism

Q10- Write short notes on the following: (3 marks each)

- (i) Cognitive psychology
- (ii) Biological psychology
- (iii) Developmental psychology
- (iv) Industrial psychology
- (v) Educational psychology

Q11- Briefly explain the following branches of psychology: (2 marks each)

- (i) Social psychology
- (ii) Cross-cultural and cultural psychology
- (iii) Environmental psychology
- (iv) Health psychology
- (v) Educational psychology
- (vi) Sports psychology

Q12- Differentiate between the two: (2 marks each)

- (i) Psychiatrist and clinical psychologist
- (ii) Clinical psychologist and counselor

Q13- Explain the following statements: (3 marks each)

- (i) Psychology like other sciences attempts to develop principles of behaviour and mental processes.
- (ii) Human behaviour is a function of attributes of persons and environment.
- (iii) Human behaviour is caused.

Q14- Fill in the blanks:

- (i) In studying brain and behaviour, psychology shares its knowledge with _____, _____, _____, _____ and _____.
- (ii) In studying human behaviour, in a socio-cultural context, psychology shares its knowledge with _____, _____, _____, _____ and _____.

Q15- How is psychology related to economics, political science and sociology? (3)

Q16- How is psychology related to law and criminology? (2)

Q17-How is psychology related to medicine? (2)

Q18- Give the roles of the following: (3 marks each)

- (i) Clinical psychologist
- (ii) Counselling psychologist
- (iii) Community psychologist
- (iv) School psychologist
- (v) Organisational psychologist