## Downloaded from www.studiestoday.com

## J.E.E. Main/ Advanced Foundation - XI Maths Worksheet Chapter#5. Complex Numbers and Quadratic Equations

**Full Marks:** 

Time: 60 min

- Q.1 Solve the equation  $2x^2 + x + 1 = 0$ . (2 marks)
- Q.2 Evaluate:  $\left[i^{18} + \left(\frac{1}{i}\right)^{25}\right]$
- Q.3 Convert the given complex number in polar form: –3. (3 marks)
- Q.4 Express the given complex number in the form a + ib: (1 i) (-1 + i6). (1 mark)
- Q.5 Express  $(-\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{-2})(2\sqrt{3} i)$  in the form a+ib.
- Q.6 Evaluate:  $(-\sqrt{-1})^{4n+3}$ . (1 mark)
- Q.7 Express the given complex number in the form a + ib:  $\left(\frac{1}{3} + 3i\right)^3$ . (3 marks)
- Q.8 Find the multiplicative inverse of the complex number  $\sqrt{5}$  + 3i. (2 marks)
- Q.9 Express the given complex number in the form a + ib:  $(1 i)^4$ . (2 marks)
- Q.10 Find the multiplicative inverse of the complex number –i. (1 mark
- Q.11 If  $x iy = \sqrt{\frac{a ib}{c id}}$ , then prove that  $(x^2 + y^2)^2 = \frac{a^2 + b^2}{c^2 + d^2}$ . (5 marks)
- Q.12 Convert the complex number  $z = \frac{i-1}{\cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3}}$  in the polar form
- Q.13 Solve:  $x^2 + 2 = 0$
- Q.14 Solve  $4x^2 25i^2 = 0$ . (1 mark)
- Q.15 Find the argument of  $1 + \sqrt{3}i$ . (1 mark)
- Q.16 Express  $\left[\left(\frac{1}{3}+i\frac{7}{3}\right)+\left(4+i\frac{1}{3}\right)\right]$  in the form a+bi.
- Q.17 Express  $i^9 + i^{10} + i^{11} + i^{12}$  in the form a + bi.
- Q.18 Express:  $i^9 + i^{19}$  in the form a+bi.
- Q.19 Solve the quadratic equation  $25x^2 30x + 11 = 0$ . (2 marks)
- Q.20 Write the conjugate of complex number -5 + 3i. (1 mark)