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**CLASS XI** Marks:25 Time: 1 Hour **General Instructions:** a. All questions are compulsory. b. Mark for each question is indicated against it. 1. State Avogadro law. 1 2. Define 1 Wavelength Frequency i. ii. Write short note on Planck's quantum theory. 2 3. Explain law of multiple proportion with suitable example 2 4. a. 1L of a gas at STP weighs 1.97g. What is its molar mass? 2 5. b. Calculate the mass percentage of Sulphur in  $H_2SO_4(RAM \text{ of } S=32u)$ a. What do you mean by mole fraction? 6. 2 b. Define Threshold energy. 7. 6.5g of Zn was reacted with excess of dil. HCl. Calculate 3 a. the amount and volume of hydrogen produced at STP. b. The amount of HCl consumed. (RAM of Zn = 65u, Cl = 35.5 u)8. A compound contains 4.07 % hydrogen, 24.27 % carbon and 71.65 % chlorine. Its molar 3 mass is 98.96 g. Deduce its empirical and molecular formula. (RAM of H=1 u , O=16 u )A photon of wavelength  $4.0 \times 10^{-7}$  m strikes on metal surface, the work function of the metal 9. 3 being 2.13eV. Calculate a. Energy of photon (eV) b. The kinetic energy of the emission and c. The velocity of the photoelectron emitted.  $(1eV = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} J, m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} Kg)$ 10 Commercially available H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> contains 98% acid by mass. Find the molarity if density of 3 the sample is 1.84g/cc. What volume of this acid is required to make 2 L of 0.1 M solution? 11 a. Explain the dual nature of electromagnetic radiation. 3 b. Electromagnetic radiation of wavelength 242 nm is just sufficient to ionise the sodium atom. Calculate the energy of electromagnetic radiation in kJ/mol.  $(h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{Js})$ \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*