# Downloaded from www.studiestoday.com

# METALS AND NON METALS WORKSHEET-3

#### **1 MARK QUESTIONS:**

### 1. Name the following: (1 Mark each)

- i)The most abundant metal in the earth crust.
- ii)The only non-metallic element which exists as a liquid.
- iii)The process by which a metallic oxide ore changes into metal.
- iv)Minerals which can be profitably converted to metals.
- 2. Show the electronic transfer in the formation of following: (1 mark each)

$$(At.Nos. Na=11, O=8, Ca=20, H=1, Mg=12, Cl=17)$$

3. Classify the following compounds into ionic & molecular compounds.

$$(\underline{Fe_2O_3},\underline{CO_2},\underline{Mg_3N_3},\underline{NH_3},\underline{Li_2O},\underline{K_3N},\underline{HCl(g)},\underline{C_6H_{12}O_6},\underline{3},\underline{HCl(aq)},\underline{CaO})$$

- 4. Give reasons: (1 mark each)
- (DELHI 2008C,CBSE 2012)
- i) Metals can be given different shapes according to our needs.
- ii) Hydrogen is not evolved when a metal reacts with nitric acid.
- iii) Aluminium oxide is considered as an amphoteric oxide.
- iv) Ionic compounds conduct electricity in molten state.
- v) Gold and silver are used to make jewellery.
- 5. Why does calcium float in water? (CBSE 2011)

#### **2MARKS QUESTIONS**

### 6. <u>Differentiate between & give suitable examples:</u>

i)Acidic oxide & basic oxide ii)Minerals & Ores iii) Roasting & Calcination

#### 7. Complete & balance the equations:

i) K + H<sub>2</sub>O 
$$\rightarrow$$
 ----- + ----- ii) Al + H<sub>2</sub>O(steam) $\rightarrow$  ----- + -----

$$iii)$$
  $Fe + H_2O$  (steam)  $\rightarrow \cdots + \cdots + iv$ )  $Al_2O_3 + NaOH \rightarrow \cdots + \cdots + \cdots + \cdots$ 

8. 
$$X + YSO_4 \rightarrow XSO_4 + Y$$
 (CBSE -2011)

$$Y + XSO_4 \rightarrow No \ reaction$$

*Out of the two element, X and Y, which is more reactive and why?* 

# Downloaded from www.studiestoday.com

# Downloaded from www.studiestoday.com

## **3MARKS QUESTIONS:**

### 8. Give equations for the conversion of

- (i)Cinnabar to mercury (ii)Copper(I)sulphide to Copper (iii) Zinc carbonate to Zinc (iv)Manganese dioxide to Manganese (iv)Zinc sulphide to Zinc
- 9. *a)* Give a brief explanation of the electrolytic refining of impure Copper with a labelled diagram. b)Name two alloys prepared from Copper & write their uses.
- 10. Four metals A,B,C&D are added to the following aqueous solutions one by one. The observations made are tabulated below.

Metal	FeSO <sub>4</sub>	CuSO <sub>4</sub>	ZnSO <sub>4</sub>	$AgNO_3$
A	No reaction	Reddish brown deposit		
В	Grey deposit		No reaction	
С	No reaction	No reaction	No reaction	White shining deposit
D	No reaction	No reaction	No reaction	No reaction

Answer the following questions based on the above observations.

- i)Which is the most active metal?
- ii)What would be observed if B is added to aq.CuSO<sub>4</sub>?
- iii)Arrange the metals A, B, C & D in the increasing order of reactivity.
- 11. The atomic numbers of elements A, B & C are 11, 17 & 6 respectively.

i)which of these elements is a metal that forms mono positive ion?

- ii)which two elements combine through ionic valency.
- iii) what is the formula of the compound between C & B.
- 12. A student collected some old coins of reddish & grayish colour. Within a few months she noticed that red ones turned green while the grayish ones turned black due to some coatings. Answer the following questions:
  - i) With what material are the coins made?
- ii) Name the chemical phenomenon involved.
- iii) Give the chemical name & formula of the coatings.

### 13. Value based Question:

Shivam helps his friend Rohan in studies. Shivam is topper in the class. Rohan also improved his performance. They like each other and they are friends.

- a) What values are possessed by Shivam?
- b) What type of bond exists between Rohan and Shivam?
- c) Why are ionic bonds strong?

# Downloaded from www.studiestoday.com