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## STATISTICS

## Section A (1 mark each)

1. Find the sum of lower limits of median class and modal class for the following distribution:
(Ans:25)

| Class: | $0-5$ | $5-10$ | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency: | 10 | 15 | 12 | 20 | 9 |

2. Find the upper limit of the median class of the following frequency distribution :
(Ans:17.5)

| Class | $0-5$ | $6-11$ | $12-17$ | $18-23$ | $24-29$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 13 | 10 | 15 | 8 | 11 |

3. 

Find the mean of the numbers $1,2,3, \ldots n$.

$$
\left(\text { Ans }: \frac{n+1}{2}\right)
$$

4. Which measure of central tendency is obtained from the abscissa of the point of intersection of the less than type and the more than type cumulative frequency curves of a grouped data?
5. For the following distribution, find the modal class.
(Ans:30-40)

| Marks | Below 10 | Below 20 | Below 30 | Below 40 | Below 50 | Below 60 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of <br> students | 3 | 12 | 27 | 57 | 75 | 80 |

## Section B(2 marks each)

6. The following is the distribution of weights (in kg ) of 40 persons :
(Ans:6.2 ha)(Exemplar)

| Weight (kg) | $40-45$ | $45-50$ | $50-55$ | $55-60$ | $60-65$ | $65-70$ | $70-75$ | $75-80$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of persons | 4 | 4 | 13 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 2 | 1 |

Construct a cumulative frequency distribution (less than type) table for the above data.
7. The frequency distribution table of agricultural holdings in a village is given below :
(Exemplar)

| Area of land (ha) | $1-3$ | $3-5$ | $5-7$ | $7-9$ | $9-11$ | $11-13$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of families | 20 | 45 | 80 | 55 | 40 | 12 |

Calculate the modal agricultural holdings of the village.
8. Construct a cumulative frequency distribution (more than type) of the following distribution:

| Class | $12.5-17.5$ | $17.5-22.5$ | $22.5-27.5$ | $27.5-32.5$ | $32.5-37.5$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 2 | 22 | 19 | 14 | 13 |

## Section C (3 marks each)

9. The arithmetic mean of the following data is 14 . Find the value of $k$.
(Ans:6) (CBSE 2002)

| $\mathrm{x}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | 7 | $k$ | 8 | 4 | 5 |

10. Candidates of four schools appeared in mathematics test. The data were as follows: (Ans:52) (Exemplar)

| School | No. of candidates | Average score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | 60 | 75 |
| B | Not available | 55 |
| C | 48 | 80 |
| D | 40 | 50 |

If the average score of the candidates of all the four schools was 66 , find the no. of candidates appeared from school B.
11. The following table gives the no. of pages written by sarika for completing her own work for 30 days :
(Ans:26) (Exemplar)

| No. of pages written per day | $16-18$ | $19-21$ | $22-24$ | $25-27$ | $28-30$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of days | 1 | 3 | 4 | 9 | 13 |

Find the average no. of pages written by her.
12. Find the mean, median and mode of the following frequency distribution.
(Ans:Mean:35.625;Median:35;Mode:33.85)(CBSE 2010)

| Class | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 8 | 7 | 15 | 20 | 12 | 8 | 10 |

## Section D(4 marks each)

13. The mean of the following frequency distribution is 57.6 and the sum of observation is 50 . Find the missing frequency $f_{1}$ and $f_{2}$.
(Ans: $f_{1}=8 ; f_{2}=10$ )(CBSE 2004)

| Class | $0-20$ | $20-40$ | $40-60$ | $60-80$ | $80-100$ | $100-120$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 7 | $f_{1}$ | 12 | $f_{2}$ | 8 | 5 |

14. Compute the arithmetic mean for the following distribution.
(Ans:48.41)(Exemplar)

| Marks obtained | No. of students |
| :---: | :---: |
| Below 10 | 5 |
| Below 20 | 9 |
| Below 30 | 17 |
| Below 40 | 29 |
| Below 50 | 45 |
| Below 60 | 60 |
| Below 70 | 70 |
| Below 80 | 78 |
| Below 90 | 83 |
| Below 100 | 85 |

15. Form a frequency distribution table and compute arithmetic mean for the following frequency distribution :

| Weight in kg | No. of persons |
| :---: | :---: |
| Above 80 | 0 |
| Above 75 | 4 |
| Above 70 | 11 |
| Above 65 | 22 |
| Above 60 | 38 |
| Above 55 | 45 |
| Above 50 | 48 |
| Above 45 | 50 |

16. The median of the following data is 50 . Find the value of $p$ and $q$, if the sum of all the frequencies is 90 .
(Ans: $\mathrm{p}=5 ; \mathrm{q}=7$ )

| Marks | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | p | 15 | 25 | 20 | q | 8 | 10 |

17. Draw 'less than ogive' and 'more than ogive' for the following distribution and hence find its median.
(Ans:Median = 50)(CBSE 2010)

| Class | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| frequency | 25 | 15 | 10 | 6 | 24 | 12 | 8 |

18. 50 students enter for a school javelin throw competition. The distance (in metres) thrown are recorded below :
(Ans:49.41)(Exemplar)

| Distance (m) | $0-20$ | $20-40$ | $40-60$ | $60-80$ | $80-100$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 6 | 11 | 17 | 12 | 4 |

a) Construct a cumulative frequency table.
b) Draw a cumulative frequency curve (less than type) and calculate the median distance thrown by using the curve.
c) Calculate the median distance by using the formula for median.
d) Are the median distance calculated in (b) and (c) same?

