

X - Mathematics Assignment No-02-Co-ordinate Geometry.

- Q1 Prove that the points $(-2, 5)$, $(0, 1)$ and $(2, -3)$ are collinear.
- Q2. Show that the points $A(0, 0)$, $B(0, 5)$, $C(6, 5)$, $D(6, 0)$ form a rectangle.
- Q3. Show that the points $A(3, 2)$, $B(0, 5)$, $C(-3, 2)$ and $D(0, -1)$ are the vertices of a square.
- Q4. Show that the points $A(2, 1)$, $B(5, 4)$, $C(4, 7)$ and $D(1, 4)$ are the vertices of a parallelogram.
- Q5. Prove that the points $A(3, 0)$; $B(6, 4)$ and $C(-1, 3)$ are the vertices of a right angled triangle. Are these vertices of an isosceles triangle also?
- Q6. Show that the following points do not form any triangle.
 $A(4, 2)$; $B(7, 5)$; $C(9, 7)$

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- Q7. Find the co-ordinates of the point on the axis of y which is equidistant from the points $(-1, 2)$ and $(3, 4)$
- Q8. The distance PQ between the points $P(5, -9)$ and $Q(11, y)$ is 10 units. Find the value of y .
- Q9. If two vertices of an equilateral triangle are $A(0, 0)$; $B(3, 0)$, find the third vertex.
- Q10. Find the point which is equidistant from the points $A(6, 6)$; $B(-1, 7)$; $C(5, 7)$
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ANSWERS(Q7) $(0, 5)$ (Q10) $(2, 3)$ (Q8) -17 OR -1 (Q9) $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$ OR $\left(\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$