

REVISION ASSIGNMENT

CLASS: X

SUBJECT: CIVICS

CHAPTER 1: POWER SHARING

- Q1. What was the main reason of tension between the French and Dutch speaking communities during the 1950s and 60s? (3)
- Q2. Mention any three majoritarian measures adopted by the government to establish the Sinhala Supremacy. (3)
- Q3. Explain the system of ‘community government’ in Belgium. (3)
- Q4. Name the two ways by which power can be shared. What are the major difference between the two? (3)
- Q5. Explain the ethnic composition of Sri Lanka. (5)
- Q6. Explain in detail the elements of Belgian model of power sharing. (5)
- Q7. How did the Sri Lankan Tamils express their discontent? (5)
- Q8. Examine separately the lessons learnt from the story of the Sri Lankan and Belgian model of power sharing. (5)

CHAPTER 2: FEDERALISM

- Q1. Explain in detail the meaning of federalism. (3)
- Q2. Differentiate between federations and unitary governments. (3)
- Q3. Give a clear contrast between ‘coming together’ and ‘holding together’ federations. (3)
- Q4. What do you understand by the Union list? Write its main features. (3)
- Q5. Write a short note on the language policy of India. (3)
- Q6. A major step towards decentralization was taken in 1992. What was it? How did it contribute towards making the democracy more powerful and effective? (5)
- Q7. Explain the situations which determine the Centre- State relations from time to time. (5)
- Q8. ‘Most federations that are formed by ‘holding together’ do not give equal power to its constituent units’. Justify the statement with examples. (5)
- Q9. Explain in detail the key features of federalism. (5)

CHAPTER 3: DEMOCRACY AND DIVERSITY

- Q1. Give few examples to explain how social differences originate. (3)
- Q2. Most countries of the world are multi- cultural. Explain this fact with examples. (3)
- Q3. When does a social difference become a social division? (3)
- Q4. Discuss the three determinants of the outcomes of politics of social division. (5)
- Q5. Differentiate between overlapping and cross- cutting differences. (5)

CHAPTER 4: GENDER, RELIGION AND CASTE

- Q1. Is women's political representation in India satisfactory? Comment. (3)
- Q2. Explain the concept of communalism with examples. (3)
- Q3. Write any three features of secular state in India. (3)
- Q4. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of caste in politics. (3)
- Q5. State any three reasons to say that caste alone cannot determine the election results in India. (3)
- Q6. Explain the factors which eliminated the caste system from modern India. (5)
- Q7. Examine the factors which are responsible for the degraded condition of women in India. (5)
- Q8. Explain with examples the various forms communalism can take in politics. (5)
- Q9. Caste has not entirely disappeared from India. Justify with examples. (5)